THE RALEIGH NEWS

OL. XII--NO. 118. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 19, 1878. $5.00 PER ANNUM.

ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.

Debate on the Address in the House of Lords--Beaconsfield Defines England's Position--Nothing Will be Done to Imperil British Interests.

LONDON, January 18.—In the debate on the address in the House of Lords, Granville said the utterances of Beaconsfield, during the recess, had been couched in a tone of belligerent neutrality, and had differed from the sentiments expressed by his colleagues. If the assurances given by Russia, in regard to the British interests were unsatisfactory, the Parliament should have been called together immediately. If satisfactory, the only effect of summoning the Parliament now was to cause a feeling of insecurity. Lord Beaconsfield said the summons to Parliament was issued when there at first appeared to be an opportunity for the inauguration of peace negotiations. The parties' appeal to England to intimate her readiness to open peace negotiations was, in a measure made at the instance of the British Government, although it was at the same time spontaneously adopted by the Porte.

Beaconsfield repudiated the newspaper statements concerning the government's policy, and strongly repudiated the accusation of a division in the Cabinet; when the government, after mature deliberation, decided upon the policy of neutrality, they were not influenced by considerations in regard to the value of Kars and Batoum, but had to consider the policy and condition of many other countries. The government never varied from the decision they had first arrived at.

Lord Beaconsfield declared that he had written no letter on public affairs during the recess, and had only spoken once, and then in the presence of his colleagues, on which occasion he had, with their approval, declared the government's policy to be one of conditional neutrality. Derby's felicitous statement that the greatest British interest is peace, was a rhetorical expression, but Granville seemed to take it as a statistical fact. Peace is of universal interest, but when speaking of British interests, the government meant material interest. The sources of wealth are the safeguards of the strength of a country. When they spoke thus they were told it was a mistake to suppose that it was an interest peculiar to England, or if there were they should hide them in a corner. He did not think the government, by defining British interests, justified the imputation of selfishness, as all countries frankly declared that they were actuated by the same motives. He did not admit that the government's having summoned Parliament imposed upon them the duty of immediately explaining the apprehensions which caused them to do so. Suffice it to say, that negotiations had been brought about that might or might might not be successful. The government considered there were British interests, which must not be endangered if the contest goes on. If Parliament approves of the policy of conditional neutrality and guarding of those interests the least they could do was to give the government the means of guarding them. Beaconsfield pointed to the opening of the present negotiations as proof that England was not isolated or uninfluential. Probably more difficult negotiations than the present never commenced, but he hoped they might lead through many obstacles to the termination of the terrible struggle. There was another kind of isolation besides that arising from decay, at the beginning of the century. England alone asserted her national independence and if the same cause was again at stake or if any power again threatened the world with predominance fatal to national liberty, he felt confident that the House would not fear the charge of being isolated if it stood alone in maintaining such a course and fighting for British interests.

He concluded as follows: If in the negotiations, British influence increase, as God grant it may, I will express the unanimous sentiment of the government that that influence will be used for the greatest interests of humanity, and for securing stable and enduring peace, but if we are called upon to defend the rights and interests of England; if our present hopes and prospects of peace are unrealized; if there are circumstances that demand that we should appeal again and again to Parliament for the means of vindicating the honor and interests of the country, I am certain the government will never fail to take that course. [Loud cheers.]

The Duke of Argyle said Beaconsfield's speech was brilliant, but evasive. It was to be noted as a significant fact that it made *no mention* of the independence and integrity of the Ottoman Empire. If the government meant that, however, as long as Turkey resisted, Russia would be precluded from entering Constantinople, and the gravest questions would arise.

The Marquis of Salisbury emphatically denied that the cabinet was divided. England's isolated summoning of the Parliament, could not encourage the Turks to resist, as they had been repeatedly told to expect no assistance from England; that the Government had done all in their power to secure peace and good government for the Christians in Turkey, but would not do anything to imperil the British subjects or their interests for the sake of all the other Christians in the world. It was not, however, in despair of peace that the Government now asked or would shortly ask the Parliament to assist them in taking the necessary precautions. He did not wish to enter into the exact circumstances under which the interests defined are threatened, but knew the waves of war would soon approach closely the localities indicated. He contended if you will not trust the Government, you must provide yourselves with a Government that you will trust. If you trust a Government you must provide it with means of carrying out your confidence. The address was then agreed to.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Net receipts at all United States ports during the week 150,584; net receipts at all United States ports same week last year 111,970; total receipts to this date 2,796,945; total receipts to same date last year 2,870,931; exports for the week 157,096; exports for same week last year 124,663; total exports to this date 1,489,651; total exports to same date last year 1,620,180; stock at all United States ports 856,415; stock at all United States ports same time last year 899,069; stock at all interior towns 145,355; stock at all interior towns same time last year 126,518; stock at Liverpool 392,000; stock at Liverpool same time last year 649,000; stock of American afloat for Great Britain 386,000; stock of American afloat for Great Britain same time last year 386,000.

TURCO-RUSSIAN WAR.

Suleiman Pasha's Communications Probably Cut--The Turks Panic Stricken--Constantinople to be Held to the Last.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 18.—The Sultan presided at the Council at the Seraskeriat, and invited the deputation from the Chamber to participate in the deliberations.

The Turkish armistice plenipotentiaries arrived at the tower of Mustapha Pacha, and await there the return of the envoy sent to the Russian camp to facilitate their further journey. They will reach Kezanlik on Saturday or Sunday.

The Russian troops have arrived at Hermauli.

The Cabinet to-day deliberated upon measures for the defence of Constantinople.

Two squadrons of Cossacks having arrived at Tirnova and Semluli, to escort the Turkish peace delegates to Kezanlik, the Turkish commandant at the former place believed an attack was intended and blew up the railway bridge.

No news has been received from Suleiman Pasha yet. Hermauli, where the Russian troops are said to have arrived, is an important point on his line of retreat to Adrianople. If the Russians have gained that point before him, and there is no reason to doubt it, not only has he General Gourko's pursuit to beat back, but will be taken in flank by columns marching from Eski Saghra, while a force posted at Hermauli stands directly in his front. Suleiman Pasha's force includes the division he brought from Bulgaria, garrisons of Sofia, and other towns, up to Niesh and Chaker Pasha's army from Kamorli. All however are by this time badly broken and weakened by their hasty retreat and frequent encounters with their pursuers.

9.40 p. m. A report is current here to day that Suleiman Pasha's army had passed through the enemy's lines and arrived near Adrianople, proves to be premature. Nothing known of the position of Suleiman Pasha's army.

A Russian official despatch dated at Kezanlik, January 16th, says that a reconnoitering party of dragoons has brought information that Suleiman Pasha is at Phillipoppolis, and has given orders to burn everything. Tatar Bazardjik and Phillipoppolis are reported to have been burned.

Intelligence from the Danube says the flow of ice still continues, and that communication is most difficult.

Liverpool Cotton Brokers Circular.

LIVERPOOL: The Liverpool Cotton brokers associated weekly circular says: The cotton market was firm at the close of last week but has since been quiet with moderate business doing. The tendency of prices in most descriptions is slightly in favor of buyers.—American was freely offered and lower qualities are 1-16d to 1 8d lower. For sea island, the demand was moderate at previous rates, some reduction and rectification has been made in the quotations of the better grade of sea Island. In futures the market showed a downward tendency until Wednesday when a reaction occurred but the improvement was not maintained. Prices close 1-16 to 3-32d. below those of last week.

Secrest the Wife Murderer Arrested.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 18.—H. C. Secrest was arrested in Union county, 5 miles from Monroe, last evening, for the murder of his wife and step child on March 12, 1877. Mrs. Secrest, who was formerly Mrs. Alice Stevenson and her 4 year old child mysteriously disappeared on the above date. Suspicion—foul play, but no proof. On Monday last a party of hunters were attracted to a secluded hollow in the woods by the howling of dogs. Repairing to the spot they found the bodies of a woman and child who were identified as the missing Mrs. Stevenson and daughter. Secrest was arrested. He doggedly and obstinate refuses to answer any questions.

The Times on the Queen's Speech.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The *Times* of this morning, in its leading editorial, says: "Nothing more satisfactory to the country with respect to an immediate course of public affairs could well have occurred than the declarations which were yesterday made in the Queen's speech, as well as by the Ministerial leaders in the two houses of Parliament. The alarms recently raised respecting the possibility of a war-like policy being adopted by the government, may now be finally dismissed."

A Call for a Mass Meeting.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Post says that a call has been issued for a mass meeting of citizens, irrespective of party, to express their assent to the proposed free coinage of the United States silver dollars and affixing of a permanent legal value to the United States Silver coin, in the interest of the Internal industrial demands of the country. This meeting will be held in Cooper Institute on the 30th inst. It is reported that Senators Voorhees and Jones, of Nevada, will be among the speakers.

Government Suits.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The government has commenced a suit against the late P. M McArthur for $300,000 deficiency. Bondsmen set an answer which alleges that the government was cognizant of and approved the deposit by McArthur of funds in the banks and that the sureties are not therefore liable for the amount lost by the failure of any bank.

A Heavy Fog in London.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—At this hour (10:30) forenoon, a heavy fog is in the business part of London.

Government Suits.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The government has commenced suit against the Erie Railroad for $67,000 back taxes.

Morrisey's Condition.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 18.—Mr. Morrisey passed a comfortable night. His symptoms are more favorable. The doctors will not say when the danger is passed.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

MERRIMON ON SILVER.

An Able Speech From Senator Merrimon on the Money Question—Eulogies on Morton—The Tobacco Tax.

HOUSE.—A bill was passed removing the political disabilities of Charles L. Scott, of Alabama.

After an hour spent on private bills, eulogies of the late Senator Morton, of Indiana, were pronounced and the House adjourned till Monday.

SENATE.—In executive session James R Jolley was confirmed Collector of Customs of Teche District, Louisiana, and Lanceford L. Lewis, Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia.

Mr. Conkling, of New York, presented several petitions from citizens of Albany, N. Y., remonstrating against the passage of the Bland silver bill. Laid on the table, the bill having been reported to the Senate. In presenting the memorials he said they were signed by men representing not only money and property, but enterprise also, and they expressed the opinion that the passage of such a bill would be prejudicial to the honor and credit of the Government. He also presented the memorial of the Albany Board of Trade against that bill, which was laid on the table.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the Senate resumed consideration of the unfinished business, being the resolution of Mr. Matthews, (of Ohio) declaring the right of the government to pay the interest and principal of the bonds in silver, and Mr. Merrimon, of North Carolina, spoke in favor thereof. He said the subject was worthy of the most serious consideration, and he trusted that a free and frank expression of his views would lead the Senate to a wise and wholesome conclusion; that he would discuss the resolution submitted by the Senator from Ohio, (Mr. Matthews) and not the expediency of remonetizing silver; that he would never consent that the honor and good faith of the government should be impaired in the slightest degree. The naked question before the Senate was whether the goverement could lawfully pay its creditors in silver of the standard of value of July 14, 1870. He then reviewed at some length the financial legislation since 1862 and quoted from various acts to show that all the bonds issued were payable in legal tender coin of the United States. When these acts were passed there were but two species of coin established by law, to-wit: gold and silver and as the contract stood between the government and its creditors the government could pay its debts in both or either of these coins, the fact is that there was more or less of a particular kind of coin in circulation. When the bonds were issued it did not affect the contract at all. It had been argued that the creditors of the government did not have the silver dollar in view when they bought the bonds, because silver was not then in circulation. That made no difference; the law then provided for the coinage of the silver dollar as well as the gold dollar, and had it been intended to exclude the silver dollar when the bonds were issued, why was not a provision inserted for that purpose? That the Government had the right to pay its bonds in silver was clear, and he could not see how any such action could be looked upon as repudiation. He spoke of the business prostration and suffering existing throughout the country and argued that it was the effect of unwise legislation. The financial legislation since the war had been calculated to enhance the value of the bonds of the Government in the hands of creditors. In the natural order of things, after the close of the war, specie payments would have returned and prosperity existed throughout the country, but the interested bondholders could not wait for things in their natural order. It was too slow. It was thought that a rapid contraction of the paper currency would restore prosperity and the early resumption of specie paymenis. This course of contraction had been pursued, but unhappily none of the good results anticipated followed. The volume of paper currency in circulation had been regulated by the Government, and not by the requirements of business. Since the panic of 1873 nothing had flourished save government bonds.

Adjourned to Monday.

Another Agricultural Ignoramus.

(N. Y. Herald.)

The so-called Department of Agriculture, which is not a department at all, but a convenient distributing reservoir for doubtful seed and stale information, has never been fortunate in its head. The first Commissioner of Agriculture was chiefly known in Washington for his original system of spelling. His successors have perhaps more accurately followed the usual orthography, and it must be said that they have been, in the main, harmless. They distributed their seeds and drew their salaries, and there an end. But Mr. Hayes has picked up somewhere a new Commissioner of Agriculture—Le Duc by name—who threatens to become dangerous to our unhappy farming population. Le Duc is evidently an uncommonly portentous ignoramus. He has begun his career as disseminator of misinformation by seriously recommending the culture of the tea plant in this country. We are to grow our own tea, it seems, and starve those Heathen Chinese. Le Duc is delighted to discover that the tea shrub will grow in a good many of our States. But if he had looked into the agricultural report for 1857 he would have seen that this fact was there and then, twenty years ago, set forth at needless length. There is not the least doubt that tea will grow in most of the Middle and Southern States. Why not? It is a plant of the northern temperate zone.

But because it will grow readily and can be cheaply raised, is that a reason why our farmers should be advised by a government officer to go into tea raising? Ought not the Commissioner of Agriculture to know, if he knows anything, that the cost of producing marketable tea lies not in raising the plants, but in picking and preparing the leaves? At this the Chinese labor for less than three cents a day. Can any sensible man recommend American farmers to compete with labor at three cents a day? A more ridiculous and mischievous recommendation was never made by a Commissioner of Agriculture, and we are curious to know whether it arose out of pure and unadulterated ignorance or whether somebody with a quantity of tea seeds or plants on hand has been "stuffing" Commissioner Le Duc. And then, too, he thinks we can raise our own coffee. A little study would have informed him that the coffee tree is one of the most delicate and capricious known to horticulturists; liable even in favorable localities to diseases which baffle the skill of planters, and which ought not to be recommended to our planters and farmers except after long and thorough trial in different localities. Congress is just now investigating the departments. We hope it will take a good look at the Department of Agriculture and its Commissioner. Probably something would be found.

Secession--Financial Responsibilities Involved.

The Supreme Court of the United States has rendered the following decision:

No. 168. Godfrey *et al. vs.* Terry. Appeal from the Circuit Court for South Carolina. This was a bill filed by Terry for himself and other creditors, to enforce the personal liability of the stockholders of the Merchant's Bank of South Carolina, under the charter of the bank, making all persons thus connected with the bank within twelve months before its failure so liable for its bills in circulation. The answer was that the bank was ruined by the derangements occasioned by the war, and that soon after its commencement its bills ceased to circulate as money, and became mere articles of commerce and speculation; that the holders who sue did not receive the bills in their possession in regular course of business as money, but obtained them by purchase, after they had gone out of circulation, after the suspension of specie payments, and after the insolvency of the bank. The decree was for the plaintiffs, and it is here urged that the stockholders will not be made personally liable for the redemption of bills so obtained; that they will not be made liable for debts brought upon the bank by the wrongful act of the State in going into the rebellion when this liability was imposed by the State to maintain its own credit; that the action is based by limitation, under the act of June.

A Novel Case.

(Salisbury Watchman.)

There was an unusual case before the Inferior Court last week, which attracted considerable notice. It was an indictment against Rev. A. M. Conway, colored pastor of the colored Baptist church of this place, for uniting in marriage Jacob Pearson, a negro, with Margaret Jacobs, a white woman. The marriage was celebrated on the 16th of March, 1876. Pearson obtained the license from the Register by falsely representing the woman as a negro. Conway performed the ceremony with his eyes fully open on this subject: he saw the woman, of course, and knew she was white, contrary to the description given in the license. One witness testified that he admitted she was white, but claimed that it was none of his business to go behind the license. He was convicted, and owing to his evident ignorance, the court was disposed to deal very leniently with him and suspended judgment on the payment of costs. But he prayed an appeal to the Superior Court, whereupon he was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and to give bail. The Court for awhile insisted on a justified bond of $200, but finally accepted "straw." The probability is he will either get out of the way or be subjected to a full penalty.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Lorillards of New York will appear before the sub-committee of ways and means to-morrow in the interest of retaining the present tax on tobacco. The ways and means committee proper have passed a resolution that they will not hear delegations representing special interests.

The election committee have reported in favor of seating Wigginton, Democrat, from California.

The New Orleans Custom House is now again an open question this morning.

Nominations—A. H. Pool, Marshal of California; G. F. Vernon, Surveyor of Customs for Baltimore; Frank N. Weiker, Collector of Customs for Key West; George Williamson, Collector of Customs for New Orleans; Geo. Baldey, Receiver of Public Monies for New Orleans.

The Committee on Pacific Railroads of the House, re-elected Thos. A. Bell, of Virginia, clerk.

Senators Lamar, of Mississippi, and Jones, of Florida, will speak next week on the silver bill.

Four Boys Drowned.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., January 18.—Nine boys in a small boat were swept over the dam in Symes Creek yesterday. Four were drowned.

Senator Groom.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 18.—Ex-Gov. James B. Groom is elected United States Senator.

They Will Not Stop.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The steamers of the French Line, between New York and Havre, will not call at Plymouth hereafter, either going to or coming from America.

Erie Suits.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Another suit was commenced to-day against the Erie Railway and Receiver Jewett on behalf of a number of stockholders, on the ground of mismanagement and improvidence on the part of Receiver Jewett.

A Sale Postponed.

NEW YORK, January 18.—By consent Judge Brady has granted a postponement for sixty days from next Monday of the sale advertised for that day of the Erie Railway, under a decree obtained by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company as trustees of the second consolidated mortgage.

Good Enough.

(Salisbury Watchman.)

The Raleigh Register scouts the idea that the radical party in North Carolina is "dead and buried," and says those who think so will yet find out their mistake. The Register may have sources of information we know nothing about, but really we think it would be hard to find enough of the party in this section to hold an inquest on.

Ben. Butler, it is said, spends some of his leisure hours on a new novel which he is writing for the Harpers.

IMMIGRANT BOYS.

Settling Northern Boys in the South.--Work of the Children's Aid Society of New York.

Special correspondence of the NEWS.

PETERSBURG, VA., JAN. 17TH, 1878.

About twelve months ago, "The Children's Aid Society of New York, sent to Enfield N. C., twenty-five boys, and procured homes for them among the farmers of Halifax. Soon afterwards by request, the society placed twenty-five boys in the families of farmers near this point. This was the first time the society endeavored to procure homes for the inmates of the Institution, South, andthe result of the experiment is regarded as a success—all parties concerned, viz: the Society, the boys and their employers being highly satisfied.

Of the boys sent to Enfield, twenty remained, and are now there doing good work on farms, while five became dissatisfied and were taken back to New York by the society; of those left in the neighborhood of Petersburg, twenty remain while five have returned. To-day, Messrs. H. A. Holt and J. P. Brace brought on the second batch of

IMMIGRANT BOYS

from the society to procure homes with farmers. Notice of the intended arrival was circulated, and a large number of farmers made application for the boys, and in a short time homes were provided for all, and many farmers went away greatly disappointed at not being able to secure a boy.

Many of the boys who were brought here last year, came to the city to meet the agents and the new importation. The resident boys greeted the agents, returned thanks for providing such pleasant and comfortable homes for them, and encouraged the new comers by giving

A GLOWING ACCOUNT

of their reception and treatment by the Southern people; and when asked by the agents if they did not wish to return to New York, replied that they could not be paid to go back.

The boys average about fifteen years of age, are healthy, fine looking lads, and are delighted at the prospect of permanent employment in pleasant homes. They leave New York voluntarily, and are allowed by the agents of the society to choose their homes, after conference with the farmers. No writings or indentures are entered into between the parties, the agreement being verbal and subject to change by either party, and if the boy is dissatisfied, he is allowed to change his home; and if, after a fair trial, he is dissatisfied with the country, then he is taken back to New York by the society.

The object of the society is not to send out vagrants, but healthy, useful boys, and put them on farms where they can find profitable employment, away from the temptations of large cities.

The Overburdened Federal Courts--Mr. Conkling's Bill for their Relief.

(Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Herald)

The bill to revise the judicial system of the United States, introduced by Senator Conkling two days ago and at his request referred to the Judiciary Committee, has been prepared with great care and has the approval of Circuit Judge Johnson, District Judges Blatchford, Benedict and Wallace and of a number of eminent lawyers in the State of New York and elsewhere. It will be taken up by the Judiciary Committee at the same time with the bill of Senator Davis, of Illinois, to establish intermediate courts of appeal, and it is expected that out of the two the committee will prepare a bill which will give relief to the overburdened federal courts. The pressing necessity for this relief is known to the Bar and is frequently and strongly urged by the judges. The bill establishes a court of review in each federal judicial circuit, to consist of the circuit justice, the circuit judge and the several district judges, and to be called the United States Circuit Court of Review, and the terms of these courts are to be held in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Richmond, New Orleans, Louisville, San Francisco and one other city unnamed. At least two terms shall be held every year, and special terms whenever the Court may determine, and as courts of equity and admiralty the courts of review shall be always open. The Supreme Court is to prescribe the general rules under which these courts shall act. The bill prescribes with care the manner and right of appeal to the courts in civil and criminal cases, and the cases in which they certify points to the Supreme Court, as well as the cases on which appeal may be taken from their decisions to the Supreme Court. "In a civil action at law the decision of the court of review upon a question of fact is final, but a review upon the law of a final judgment entered by direction of a court of review may be had in the Supreme Court of the United States upon a writ of error, and in the manner now provided by law for the review of a judgment in the Circuit Court, whenever the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of $10,000, or where the adjudication involves a question as to the construction of the constitution of the United States, or a treaty or law of the United States, or where the court of review shall certify that the adjudication involves a legal question of sufficient importance to require that the final decision thereof should be made by the Supreme Court of the United States. Such writ of error shall be sued out and taken within one year after the entry of the judgment to be reviewed." Finally the bill directs the appointment of a number of additional district judges.

McClellan on the Southern Question.

(From the Inaugural Address of Governor McClellan, of New Jersey.)

The first is the so-called Southern Question.

However some of us may have differed in regard to the manner of prosecuting the late war, however widely we may have been at variance as to the manner of dealing with its results, and with the seceding States when it was over. I apprehend that there is little difference of opinion among us as to the present condition of affairs. I am sure that we all agree in accepting as final the emancipation of the negro, and his claim to full and ample protection in all the rights of a freeman. I cannot believe that any considerable number of the people of New Jersey fail to understand that their own prosperity and that of the Nation are inseparably connected with that of the Southern States, and that the prosperity of those States can be secured only by the full enjoyment of their rights of self-government, with the attendant consequences of peace, order and security.

Those States are now in entire possession of these rights, and the result is manifest to all in the absence of disturbance, and in the slow but sure return of a prosperity which, if not rudely disturbed by other causes, will soon react upon us and give employment to very many of the idle hands among us.

I trust, gentlemen, that you will agree with me in gladly accepting the existing settlement of the Southern Question as final, and in insisting that no selfish interest of individuals or mistaken policy of party shall be allowed to revive a subject which honor and interest alike require to be buried forever among the dead issues of the irrevocable past.

That Duello Verdict.

(Baltimore Sun.)

The fact was mentioned yesterday that the coroner's jury which considered the case of W. S. Harley, who had died from a wound received in a duel with his brother-in-law, Robert Fishburne, near Savannah, on Saturday last, returned a verdict that he "came to his death from a gunshot wound *inflicted by some person unknown to the jury.*" All that can be said on such a verdict is that it is worthy the system by which the deceased came to his death—a system as cowardly, cruel and false as ever tyrannized over mankind. The fact, of which every one who reads newspapers throughout the United States has been apprised is that Harley was killed in a duel by his brother-in-law, Fishburne. We need not insist upon the evident truth that the jury knew, just as every one else did, that Fishburne killed Harley in a duel, inasmuch as in any finding it might arrive at, it would have to be governed by the same evidence before it. But there was nothing to prevent the jury from saying that the witnesses of what every one knew by common report, and what no one under the sun doubted, had got out of the way, and that though the jury understood and believed that the deceased had come to his end in a duel with Fishburne, it had no evidence of the fact. Instead of this they bring in the preposterous verdict that Harley "came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by some person unknown to the jury," possibly meaning that it had not been proved who the man-slayer was, or possibly that the jury had not the pleasure of his personal acquaintance. The significance of such a verdict in general is always understood to be that there is no reliable information to be had by the coroner's jury as to who the slayer is. The question arises whether, if Harley had been murdered in any other way than in a duel by Fishburne, and if the fact of the perpetration by Fishburne had been as well known and as susceptible of proof as it is in the present instance, such a verdict could have been rendered by any coroner's jury which had respect to their oaths or to the welfare of the community?

Kentucky's New Senator.

General John S. Williams, elected to succeed Thomas C. McCreery in the United States Senate, for Kentucky, was a soldier in the Mexican war and gained some distinction in the battle of Cerro Gordo, and the persistence with which he has ever since dwelt upon his heroic exploits fastened upon him the title of "Cerro Gordo" Williams; by which alone he is known to the country at large. General Williams is unquestionably a popular man in the rural districts. He is a very fluent and even effective speaker, of good presence and not disposed to hesitate at any of the devices that will move a crowd. In the contest for the gubernatorial nomination in 1865 he resorted to the practice, hitherto unknown in Kentucky, of making a personal canvass through the State, Colonel J. Stoddard Johnston being his most formidable opponent, and in its course there were several controversies that came very near resulting seriously. General Williams was beaten for the nomination by James B. McCreary, the present Governor and again a contestant against him in the fight just ended. General Williams won his sobriquet in the Mexican war, and fought also with some note, in the Confederate army, He has been an out and out inflationist from the very beginning of the Allen movement, and of course, has exceeded his past record in the violence with which he has advocated these views during the present contest. He is a man of some fortune and of good birth and education.

Newbern *Nut Shell*: On the night o January 10th, 1878, a party of three or four negroes went to the house of Mr. W. H. Ward, on Neuse river, about 18 miles from this city, and completely gutted the kitchen; taking there from all the crockery-ware, about 100 pounds pork, 50 pounds beef, all the cutlery, together with a lot of clothing, some of which was wet in the tub; all the meal, lard, flour, other provisions and 39 chickens. They posted a sentinel nearly opposite the dwelling house door, while an entrance was effected by breaking open the kitchen window. The burglars have since been arrested.

The Methodist clergy of Chicago are stirred up over the discussion of the question of future punishment and the probability of a hell of fire and brimstone. all of which has grown out of the emphatic stand taken by the Rev. Dr, Thomas in his sermon of last Sunday night. At the regular weekly meeting of these clergymen on Monday it was determined to take up at the next meeting the subject, "How shall we teach the doctrine of future punishment?"

The Telephone's Work.

(New Haven Union.)

The first news of the disaster that happened came in the shape of a despatch from Tariffville to the Western union office in Hartford, stating that a fearful accident had happened at that place, and asking that as many surgeons as could be obtained be sent out at once. The operator at Hartford immediately telegraphed to Isaac D. Smith's Capitol avenue drug store, with which the office is connected by telephone, and the night clerk was awakened and told what was wanted. The drug store is connected by telephone so that twenty-one different physicians could be summoned, which was done, and the same time the clerk "telephoned" to a livery stable for an express wagon, into which, on its arrival, was packed bandages, morphine, chloroform and whatever was thought would be needed.

Happy tidings for nervous sufferers, and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked. Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC CO., Cincinati, O., no 8deodaw

Thirteen Kinds of Methodists.

(Wilmington Star.)

The Methodist Almanac for 1878 gives a complete list of Methodist organizations in the United States, with the number of members belonging to each. They are as follows: Methodist Episcopal Church, 1,673,287 members; Methodist Episcopal Church South, 722,342 members; Colored Methodist Episcopal Church, 80,000; African M. E. Church, 214,806; African M. E. Zion Church, 200,000; Evangelical Association (Albright's), 105,013; United Brethren in Christ, 143,841; Union American M. E. Church (colored), 2,550; Methodist Protestant Church, 113,405; American Wesleyans, 25,000; Free Methodists, 19,232; Primitive Methodists, 3,320; Independent Methodists, 12,500. The total number of members in the United States is over 3,315,000; in Canada the Methodists number 161,172; in Great Britain and her colonies, 907,404. The aggregate of Methodist Church members in all the world is stated to be 4,383,888. The total net increase of lay members for 1877, throughout the world, is given as 211,309. The "Colored M. E. Church," one of the newest of these, has now four bishops, 600 traveling preachers, 682 local preachers, and between 80,000 and 90,000 members.

The Theological Seminary and Episcopal High-School.

(Wash. Cor. Richmond Dispatch.)

The Committee on Education this morning directed Mr. Goode to report a bill paying the Episcopal Theological Seminary and the High - School, near Alexandria, Va., $20,000 for the use and occupation of their buildings by the Government for hospital purposes. Mr. Haskell (Rep.), a member of the committee, said so far he was concerned institutions of learning and the like stood upon the same footing, whether located in loyal or disloyal States, for they can't be loyal or disloyal. He therefore favored the appropriation, and the committee by a unanimous vote agreed to report the bill.

Hayes a Failure---His Policy a Success.

(From Senator Blaine's Interview on the Situation.)

This administration will be a failure, but its policy will be a success; that no man who opposes this administration's policy would stand the slightest chance of political promotion.

Scribner's Monthly

MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The MIDWINTER NUMBER of SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, in the variety of its contents and the beauty of its illustrations, as well as in its entire mechanical execution, surpasses anything we have hitherto attempted.

In the series on American Sports, there is "MOOSE HUNTING," Illustrations by Sandham, Ward and Kelly; "A CALIFORNIA MINING CAMP," Illustrations and Text by MARY HALLOCK FOOTE; "The Humming Bird of the California Water-Falls," Illustrations by Moran, Beard and Gibson; "Recent Church Decorations," by Clarence Cook, Illustrations of the work of Bartholdi, LaFarge and St. Gaudens; "Following the Halcyon to Canada," by Burroughs; "Majolica," by Castellani, &c., &c. There are also Illustrated Poems and Stories by Stoddard, Gilder, Boyeson, Holland, and Stockton, besides Sketches, Essays, Reviews, and Fun; "How a Man takes Care of his Baby," "An Asylum for Literary Lunatics," &c., &c.

The edition of the "MIDWINTER SCRIBNER" is

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND.

Among other novelties, there is a double frontispiece: a Portrait of Abraham Lincoln, from the last Photograph, drawn by WYATT EATON, and engraved by COLE; and opposite the portrait, a sonnet on LINCOLN, by Richard Henry Stoddard, printed in quaint Old English type, from matrices three hundred years old.

One of the most noteworthy features of the Midwinter SCRIBNER is a series entitled, "Personal Reminiscences of Lincoln," by Noah Brooks, with a facsimile of one of the President's stories in his own hand-writing. These papers have been specifically copyrighted, so that they can be had only in the magazine.

Another Novelty---The "Scribner Extra."

For the convenience of purchasers of the "Midwinter SCRIBNER," we have reprinted the earlier chapters of "ROXY," Dr. Eggleston's Novel, from the November, 1877, December, 1877, and January, 1878 numbers of SCRIBNER, together with Mr. Frank R. Stockton's capital "Rudder Grange Stories," with the original illustrations (also continued in the "Midwinter SCRIBNER)," in a "SCRIBNER EXTRA," which is sold by all Booksellers and Newsdealers. Price 15 cents.

FIFTY DOLLARS FOR $5.00.

For $5.00 you can get SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, the best of the illustrated magazines, for one year and a half, beginning with the magnificent "Midsummer Number" for August last, including the splendid "Midwinter Number" for February of this year, and ending with the number for January, 1879, and also the splendid Christmas Holiday Number of ST. NICHOLAS for December, 1877, containing one hundred pages—the finest number of a children's magazine ever issued.

These numbers will contain all the chapters of "His Inheritance," Miss Trafton's graphic story of ARMY LIFE; all of "Roxy," Edward Eggleston's New Novel, a story of Western life during the political campaign of 1840; and all or a large part of Boyesen's novel, "A Knight of Fortune," the story of a community of emigrants in the Northwest; besides shorter stories by Mrs Burnett, Saxe Holm, Boyesen, &c.; and Illustrated Poems, Travel Sketches, Essays, Reviews, nearly a dozen of the splendidly illustrated series of "Out-of-Door" Papers, including many of the best of the series on "American Sports," and on "The Picturesque Aspects of American Farm Life," &c., &c. &c.; that is to say, all the numbers of Scribner's Monthly from August, 1877, to January, 1879, inclusive, and the Christmas Holiday Number of St. Nicholas, more than 2,000 octavo pages of the best and freshest illustrated literature, costing in book form more than $50.00.

Price 35 cents. $4.00 a Year.

For Sale by all Booksellers and Newsdealers.

SCRIBNER & CO., 443 Broadway, N.Y.
jan 18-d3t

FANCY GROCERIES.

New Meat Market

AND

HEAVY GROCERIES.

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO.

Having moved from Wilmington street to Hargett, adjoining their Meat House, they are better prepared to furnish

HEAVY GROCERIES

of all kinds cheaper than ever. Having on hand

25 Boxes C. R. Sides,
25 Barrels Sugar,
100 Barrels Flour,
50 Boxes Soap,
25 Sacks Coffee,

and everything to be found in the grocery line.

—ALSO—

FIFTY BOXES TOBACCO

of all grades. Lovers of the weed are invited around, as we keep a large assortment on retail. By the box at manufacturer's prices.

Particular Attention.

We invite all in need of FINE MOUNTAIN BEEF and GROUND PORK SAUSAGE—no STRINGS, green, dried, stuffed or smoked, at living prices.

Fine Grayson and Orange county

BUTTER,

Fresh for the table, at 30 cents per pound.
Remember the place, on Hargett street.
F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO.
jan 11-tf

Wanted to Buy

2000 BUSH. COTTON SEED.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton and Commission Merchants.

IN STORE,

10,000 lbs Bulk Clear Rib Sides,
3,000 " Prime Leaf Lard, tub,
1,000 " Sugar Cured Breakfast Strips,
60 Sacks Rio and Laguyra Coffees,
65 barrels White and Yellow Sugars, all grades,
300 lbs. Fresh Goshen Butter,
300 " Virginia Mountain Butter,
20 Bbls. Irish Potatoes,
50 " N. C. Choice Family Flour,
50 boxes Gilt Edge Cream Cheese,
500 lbs. Fresh Plain Candies,
New Fa Mackerel in barrels and kits,
Fresh Cucumber and Mixed Pickles in 10 gallon kegs,
New Crop Cuba Molasses in hg'ds and bbls,
Fresh Crackers and Cakes in bbls and boxes,
2,000 lbs. Fresh Dried Apples and Peaches,
Fresh Canned Meats, Fruits and Vegetables,
500 boxes Laundry and Toilet soaps,
3,000 lbs. Sugar Cured and Southampton Hams.

Anything and everything and somethings not kept in first-class Grocery Stores, cheap for cash to wholesale merchants, so as to reduce stock by 1st of February.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH,

Manufacturer's Agents for

Kingsford's, Oswego Silver Gloss and Pure Starch.

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and Tongue,
Celebrated Red C. Oil,
tar Baking Powder, cheapest and best.
Importer's Agents for "HE. NO." TEA, no Indigo, Prussian, Blue or Gypsan.

WANTED TO SELL,

300 Empty Barrels and Fruit Crates.

Apply at once.
W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.
jan 15-tf

DRY GOODS.

Petty & Jones,

Invite the attention of all wishing to buy at the LOWEST prices, to their full stock of

BLACK SILKS,
MOHAIRS,
BRILLIANTS,
ALPACAS

and other

DRESS GOODS

of the newest styles,

CALICOS, FLANNELS,
LINSEY, BOULEVARDS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKS, FURS,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
NOTIONS, &c., &c.

Most of which have just arrived.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS at 10c., worth 12½c.

LADIES AND MISSES

BAY STATE BUTTON BOOTS.

A large quantity and good assortment of Coats' Spool Cotton, 57½c. per. doz., 5 cts. a spool.

Cassimeres, Cloths, Doeskins and Jeans for Men's Wear.

ALL COLORS OF WATER PROOF CLOTH.

We will guarantee our prices to be as low if not lower than any house in the State.

Merchants will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere
jan1 -tf

A. M. NOBLE,

AT

WILLIAM DEVRIES & Co.,

Importers and Jobbers of

Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

312 WEST BALTIMORE ST.,
Between Howard and Liberty,
jan 16 3m BALTIMORE.

DAILY NEWS.

SATURDAY.....JANUARY 19, 1878.

PRINTER TO THE STATE.

The Official Organ of the City.

PUBLISHED IN

The News Building, No. 5. Martin Street

☞ THE RALEIGH NEWS IS THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN RALEIGH, AND HAS THE LARGEST DAILY CIRCULATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Persons unable to obtain the NEWS at News Agencies, on Railway Trains, and other places where usually sold, will confer a favor by reporting the fact to us.

The DAILY NEWS is served by faithful and reliable carriers to all parts of the city for 12½ cents per week. Persons desiring to have the paper left at their residence will please call or send address to the office, No. 5 Martin street.

TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Daily one year, $5.00, six months, $3.00; three months, $1.50. Weekly, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents. IN VARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Per square (ten lines nonpariel), first insertion $1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. Local notices 20 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00. Contracts for advertisements for any space or time can be made at the NEWS counting-rooms.

CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business except by paying specially to PAY for same.

CIRCULATION.

THE DAILY NEWS has the largest daily circulation and the WEEKLY NEWS has the largest secular weekly circulation in the State.

The combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly NEWS is nearly 5,000, and reaches more readers than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Each subscriber will see plainly printed of the yellow label, on which his name is printed, the date when his subscription will expire. Subscribers desiring to renew will do so in time and avoid losing any copy of their paper. Any subscriber failing to receive a copy of his paper will confer a favor by notifying this office.

☞ All communications should be addressed simply

THE NEWS, Raleigh, N. C.

STATE NEWS.

Captain J. C. Mills died at his home in Polk county, on the 17th inst.

The anniversary celebration of the Charlotte Greys takes place to-day in that city.

Pullman sleeping cars have been put on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad.

For the year ending December 31st, 1877, there were ten alarms of fire in Newbern.

Many of the mechanics of Company Shops are at work on the Staunton River Bridge.

The dwelling of J. W. Hays, at Company Shops, took fire yesterday, but was extinguished with little damage to the building.

Charlotte Observer: The Chamber of Commerce has resolved to send three delegates to the export convention which meets in Washington city on the 19th of February.

New Era: At a meeting of capitalists at Spartanburg, S. C., on last Thursday, sufficient money was pledged to ensure the early completion of the Spartanburg and Asheville Railroad to Hendersonville.

Charlotte Observer 18th: Several mining experts from the North arrived in the city yesterday and will remain here some time for the purpose of looking into our mineral advantages.

Charlotte Observer: It is reported that Hoke Secrest, the supposed Hickory murderer, has been arrested and confined in Union jail. It is stated that a man named Whisnant has also been arrested as an accessory to the crime.

Reidsville Times: Reidsville is on the dividing ridge between the Roanoke and Cape Fear rivers. Water from one side of the Rev. P. H. Fontaine's house goes into the Roanoke and from the other into the Cape Fear.

Tarboro Southerner: The Y. M. H. A., of Tarboro, propose giving a Grand Calico Ball in old Odd Fellows' Hall in Tarboro, on the evening of the 23d January. An original feature will be introduced in the bestowal of a prize on the party keeping on his pegs longest in a competitive waltz. The prize will be worth $15.

Petersburg *Index-Appeal* Jan. 17: Messrs. Tappey & Steel shipped yesterday to J. G. M. Gordon, Tarboro, N. C., the Old Bollingbrook Fire Engine and reel recently purchased by them of this city, and sold to the authorities of that town. The entire apparatus has undergone thorough repair under the management of Messrs. Tappey & Steel, and looks as handsome and bright as the new issue dollars.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The City Council of Shreveport, La., has levied a license of $50 on money lenders.

A memorial church, in memory of the late Bishop Marvin, is to be built at Shanghai, China, by the Southern Methodists.

Many of Montgomery's citizens are coming to Mobile to witness the celebration of Mardi Gras. The day will be unobserved in Montgomery.

At a recent meeting of the City Council of Jacksonville, the Mayor stated that "he positively knew of two parties now in the city who threatened to burn certain buildings in the city."

Pensacola harbor was visited last week by a storm which was very destructive to shipping. The *Gazette* says fifty thousand dollars is probably an inside estimate of the amount of loss and damage.

A Graves county, Kentucky, girl, 13 years of age, has a babe, and the Monitor thinks her the youngest mother in the United States. A few years ago a Shelby colored girl became a mother at the age of eleven.

The Joint Committee on Constitutional Amendents in the Virginia Legislature have agreed to report in favor of the abolition of the present county court system and the substitution therefor of the old justices' court.

Savannah *News*: The Florida Supreme Court was in session all of last week at Tallahassee, and owing to the absence of lawyers from all parts of the State, not a single case was tried, which indicates remarkable leniency of the bench and a general laches of the bar.

The Immigration Convention, at New Orleans, has formulated a bill, to be presented to the Legislature, providing for the establishment of a bureau of immigration, domiciled in New Orleans, for the purpose of protecting immigrants and looking to the landed and industrial interests of Louisiana.

Judge Reed, in the Circuit Court at Charleston, S. C., yesterday granted an injunction against the sale of property for unpaid taxes in cases where coupons of the consolidated bonds of South Carolina had been tendered in payment. These coupons are on their face receivable for taxes, but, pending the action of the Legislature on the public debt, have not been so received.

Nashville American: Controller Gaines has gone to New York with a view to the settlement of the debt of the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad to the State, amounting to a little over $300,000. This is the only railroad that is now in debt to the State.

Vicksburg Herald: There is a universal expression of satisfaction at the prompt manner in which our Legislature squelched the constitutional convention advocates. The people earnestly desire rest from political excitement, and they are not able to provide for any useless expenditures.

Petersburg Index-Appeal: From passengers over the Richmond and Danville Railroad we learn that the trestle bridge recently washed away over the Staunton river, will be superceded by an iron structure. The work has just begun and will probably be completed within two or three weeks.

A member of the Senate of Virginia said in a speech on Friday: "William L. Yancey told Dr. Curry, of this city, that one of the greatest difficulties in the way toward a recognition of the Southern Confederacy was the fact that Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, a repudiating State, was at the head of the government. The repudiation of Mississippi has, therefore cost us in Virginia the independence of the South."

East Tennessee wants to be a separate State. The Knoxville Chronicle and its correspondents lead the chorus. One of them says: "If there ever was a section of a State marked by natural geographical boundaries, and peopled by those of a distinctive difference of disposition, taste, temperament and interest, authorizing a separate State organization, East Tennessee is that section. There are natural reasons, wherever reasons are required, for such a separate organization."

The Southern Review will be continued through the year. It is announced that the late Dr. Bledsoe, the able editor, left enough copy to complete the usual amount of matter supplied by him. The Batimore Sun says: 'Mrs. Henick, who was associated with her father, Dr. Bledsoe, in the conduct of this periodical, is a lady of remarkable abilities and acquirements, and it is safe to say that the Southern Review will suffer no deterioration under her supervision."

BURGLARY.

The Thaddeus Davis Case Discussed---Our Law too Indiscriminating---Views of a distinguished Lawyer.

Editor of the News:

The comments of the Fayetteville Gazette, in relation to commuting the death sentence of Davis, and your comments upon the same, are my apology for writing this communication, to draw attention to the undue severity of our criminal law, in regard to this crime.

"A burglar is one who, in the night-time, breaketh and entereth into a mansion house of another, with the intent to kill some reasonable creature, or to commit some felony within the same, whether the felonious intent be executed or not."—*Coke, P. C.*

To constitute this offence, the breaking, time, place, and intent must concur: it has however a technical meaning, the breaking and the place may be actual or constructive. The breaking may be by raising a window, and thrusting an arm into the dwelling; it need not be a mansion house, in which a man or his family reside, but it embraces all that cluster of buildings within the curtilage, or its environs, viz: A barn, kitchen, smoke house &c.; and can it be insisted that breaking in a hen house to steal a chicken, should be punished with the same severity, as entering the dwelling, in which a family is sleeping?

"O! that bread should be so dear,
And flesh and blood so cheap!"

Such is burglary at common law and such it is in our law. Yet even at common law this felony was within the benefit of clergy, until changed by statute in the reigns of Edward and Elizabeth. Now, however, under the more enlightened and beneficent reign of Victoria, the punishment varies according to the circumstances of aggravation, which attend the offence. Simple burglary is punishable with confinement at hard labor: 1st for life, or not less than ten years. 2nd, for not more than three years; and should we make no discriminations?

In England the extreme penalty of the law is visited upon those and those only who "burglariously enter into any dwelling house and shall assault, with intent to murder, any person being therein, or shall stab, cut, wound or strike any such person."

When the extreme rigor of the common law in regard to this crime was inflicted upon offenders in Great Britain, there were 160 actions which men were daily liable to commit, which, by act of Parliament, were declared to be worthy of instant death. And an antiquary, who has been searching among the archives of the Government, assures us that in the reign of one of the Georges alone, 700 citizens forfeited their lives in obedience to law. Now, however, there are but nine capital felonies, except such as pertain peculiarly to the Crown—as treason, piracy, &c.

In our State within the last quarter of a century there were 18 capital felonies upon our statute book; now there can be but four.

Before the war it was enacted that, "Every person who shall be convicted according to due course of law, of any felonious burglary, shall suffer death."

Our Constitution now provides that burglary *may* be punishable with death, if the General Assembly shall so enact: and under the Constitution of 1868, which contained the same provision, the General Assembly provided for the punishment of this crime, with confinement at hard labor for not less than five nor more than sixty years. The General Assembly, however, of 1870-1871, re-enacted the old law, and made no discrimination as to its degrees, and I fear took a step backwards instead of following the more conservative and enlightened policy of that nation from which we have derived most of our laws.

Still, it is not necessary to travel abroad for examples to convince us of the inhumanity of this law, for even the famous Blue Laws of Connecticut, so justly inveighed against and ridiculed by us, were in this particular comparatively indulgent as compared with ours. For the first offence they provided branding with the letter B; for the second, branding and whipping; and for the third, 'he shall be put to death as incorrigible."

In New York there are three degrees of burglary recognized by her criminal code, and the punishment is different in each degree. In Ohio there are likewise different degrees. So in Virginia and other States. I have sought invain among the statute laws of our sister States to find that this crime is punishable anywhere among them so severely and indiscriminately as in ours, though I am free to say I have not had access to all their laws. I will nevertheless fearlessly assert, there are but few States, if any, where there is less necessity for severity than in North Carolina. For desperate characters who perpetrate fiendish outrages in such cases are nearly always the outgrowth of large cities. Yet there are cases of magnitude even among us; and I am not insisting that the death penalty, under proper circumstances, should not be inflicted, and the sanctity of one's castle—his house—be held inviolate, but only that there should be different degrees of punishment for this crime. For, as has been truthfully said, punishments of unreasonable severity have less effect in preventing crimes and amending the manners of a people, than such as are too severe. Undue severity enlists the sympathy of prosecutors, witnesses and the masses, perverts the conscience of the jury, and makes the offender feel that he is often more sinned against than sinning. Why was it that nine of the twelve jurors, who tried Davis, so reluctantly consented to a verdict against him, and yeilded at last only when assured that the prisoner would be recommended to mercy, when the evidence was so overwhelming, and he unable to employ counsel him. Why was it that so many highly respectable citizens, and the Bar, and even the counsel, who were employed to prosecute him, were opposed to his execution? It was because they felt in their consciences that the sacrifice was too great; that his offence was an aggravated larceny, no more, and that it was asking too much, when an atonement in blood was demanded. Had they foreseen the punishment now properly accorded him only would have been inflicted, then they would have scarcely left the box before returning a verdict of guilty.

He did not enter really, the dwelling house in which either the family of Yeates or Welfare resided, but simply their jewelry store, in which their clerk slept. Still under our law, he was properly convicted and sentenced to be hanged, and the jury should not have hesitated in finding him guilty. Had the clerk slept in the store, solely for the purpose of protecting the premises, Davis would not have been guilty. State vs. Potts, 75 N. C. R. Why then this great distinction? Would not the danger to the individual have been as great? Most assuredly.

The answer is, it is a technicality of the law, founded on no substantial reason—one of those quicksands, where the pardoning power was properly interposed.

A great writer, Beccaria, on "crimes and punishments" has truly said that punishments should be "swift, certain and public," for more good is accomplished by certainty than severity. We really need a criminal code; punishments should be graduated; the second offense should be more severely punished than the first, and so on.

Those who, when undergoing punishment, conduct themselves properly, should have their terms shortened; those who are insubordinate and unrepentant should receive no favors, but all should feel, that by their acts alone, can their release from confinement be hastened. Then there will be less necessity for the exercise of the pardoning power.

While I am not opposed to the exercise of clemency but prefer that it be rather too lavishly bestowed than rigidly withheld, yet there is danger in its liberal exercise; it frequently stimulates the vicious to persist in their evil course, through the hope of escape when overtaken, either through the false sympathy of the jury or the importunity of friends. Recommendations for pardon are now but too often founded upon facts or the merest frauds, but few persons who sign their names either knowing or caring what they recommend. There is too great a responsibility now imposed on our Judges in fixing the terms of imprisonment, and so long as the people feel that the term of one's imprisonment may depend upon the temper or digestion of the Judge, so long will these applications continue to embarrass and annoy the Executive, and so long must he, discriminating between the clamors of the unworthy and the hardships of the meritorious, continue to pardon, regardless of hostile criticism, and should he, under an imperfect system, err, it is certainly preferable that it should be on the side of mercy.

C.

SAMUEL BOWLES, editor of the Springfield Republican, and foremost among the journalists of New England, died at his residence in Springfield on Wednesday night. He was born in 1826, and spent his entire time in editing the Republican. Of himself he lately said, "My life has been wholly uneventful. I have seven children and have made the Republican, that's all I have done." That was much. He was a great journalist; a just man; independent always in his political expressions; a friend to the South, of late years, to our certain knowledge; and we regret that he could not have lived longer to hammer away on the hard shell of Yankee prejudice against us.

DRUGS.

PESCUD, LEE & CO.,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Druggists,

RALEIGH, N. C.

We are constantly receiving New Goods, and are selling them at the lowest market rates. Special attention given to orders. Store west side Fayetteville street, seven doors below Capitol square, sign of golden mortar. Give us a call.

TRUSSES, $1.00 TRUSSES, $1.00
TRUSSES, $1.50 TRUSSES, $1.50
TRUSSES, $2.00 TRUSSES, $2.00

SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES.

Comfort, Safety, Relief and CURE for RUPTURE.

Made in every desirable pattern—light, cool, cleanly, free from all soun, rusty, chalfing, or padding unpleasantness—used in bathing. Always reliable. Price, $4 & $6. Avoid imitations. Genuine stamped "I. B. Seeley." Complete assortment for sale by

PESCUD, LEE & CO., Druggists.

dec 20-d&w6m.

TUTT'S PILLS.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of Modern Times.

Recommended by Physicians.
Indorsed by Clergymen.

These Pills have gained a popularity unparalleled. Druggists everywhere say their sale is unprecedented.

The Reason is Obvious.

They are no worthless nostrum, puffed up to deceive the credulous, but are the result of long research, by a chemist and physician, of thirty years' experience, who values his reputation more than gold.

What Tutt's Pills will do.

THEY CURE Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Dice, Fever & Ague, and Wind Colic.
THEY CURE Sick Headache, Foul Breath, Flatulence, and Indigestion.
THEY GIVE Appetite, Flesh to the Body, an Impel Low Spirits.
THEY ACT on the Blood, and remove all Impurities.
THEY CURE Gout, Rheumatism, and Kidney Diseases.
THEY CURE Dizziness, Heartburn, and Bilious Colic.
THEY CAUSE the food to assimilate, and nourish the body.
THEY CURE Nervousness, and give refreshing Sleep.
THEY ARE invaluable for Female Irregularities.
THEY ARE the best Family Medicine ever discovered.
THEY ARE harmless, and always reliable.

Sold everywhere. 25 Cents a Box. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

Chester's Cure.

RECENTLY DISCOVERED REMEDY FOR

Asthma,

BRONCHITIS, CATARRH,

HAY FEVER, COLDS, &C.

And all diseases of the Respiratory Organs

Wonderful Cures.

july7-dawóm.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY years experience in Female Diseases, Irregularities, Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction or no charges. Business confidential. Patients furnished with board if required. 89 and 91 South High steet, Baltimore, Md. se7dawly

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"ONLY GOOD SAUCE,"

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

THUS GIVING THE CONSUMER NOT ONLY THE BEST, BUT THE MOST ECONOMICAL SAUCE.

Signature on every bottle.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

29 Murray St. and 1 Union Square, New York

dec 29-lawly

HOWARD

Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED 1825.

SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, President.
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice President.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire

FOR POLICIES APPLY TO

W. H. CROW,

LOCAL AGENT.

apl2-1y.

T. C. HARRIS,

ENGRAVER

ON

Wood.

RALEIGH, N. C.

dec 29-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

In Store and to Arrive.

25,000 Yards Heavy Bagging. 50 and 100 Yard Rolls.
1,000 Yards Dundee Bagging for Sheets.
1,000 Bundles New Arrow Ties.
2,000 lbs Bagging Twine.
10000 lbs Bulk Meat.

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO.
LEE'S PREPARED AGRICULTURAL LIME, (both of which I can recommend for wheat.

The above offered to the trade, to farmers and ginners upon very best terms.

J. J. THOMAS,
Commission Merchant,
No 8 Martin street,
sepldaw6m Raleigh, N. C.

E. H. LEE, JNO. J. FRAY M. MIAL.

LEE, FRAY, & MIAL,

NO. 3, MARTIN ST.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Cotton Factors, General Commission Merchants

AND

General Merchandise Brokers.

Consignments of Cotton and all kinds of Produce solicited to which our strict personal attention will be given.

PROMPT RETURNS MADE.

Highest prices and satisfaction guaranteed

COTTON A SPECIALTY.

Refer to Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh. sept 7-d&wly

J. J. THOMAS

No. 8 Martin Street, Raleigh, N. C.

GENERAL

Commission Merchant

WILL RECEIVE, SELL OR STORE, AND ADVANCE ON COTTON. Low rate of interest and storage charges. Refers to Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh, N. C

au27 17-daw1y

Receiving To-Day.

50 Boxes Meat C. R.
100 Bbls. Flour,
50 " Sugars, all grades,
25 Bags Rio Coffee,
75 Boxes Soap,
50 " Cakes and Crackers,
25 " C. Lye,
One car load Cuba Molasses, new crop.
50 Boxes old Virginia Tobacco.

POOL & MORING,

Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants,
jan 7-tf Raleigh, N. C.

COOKE & WAINWRIGHT,

No 9 and 11 Adams Building,

GROCERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just Received

1000 Bushels Fine Seed Oats.

A large lot

BAGGING AND TIES,

Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Molasses, Boots, Shoes, Saddles, Bridles, Salt, Fish, Collars, Sole Leather Harness.

Also 50 Tons

BRADLEY'S A A SUPERPHOSPHATE

LIME put up expressly for wheat.

The public will find it to their interest to call and see them.

Special attention given to

Consignments of Cotton

and all COUNTRY PRODUCE.

oct3ldtf

VALLEY WHISKEY.

TOM COOPER'S

Laurel Valley

CENTENNIAL OLD RYE

—AND—

WHEAT WHISKEY,

a large lot

ALWAYS ON HAND FROM TWO TO FOUR YEARS OLD.

universally acknowledged to be

THE FINEST WHISKY MADE

IN THE SOUTH PERSONS WISHING

Strictly Pure Spirits

FOR MEDICAL AND OTHER UPROSES

can get any size package

From 3 to 50 Gallons,

By addressing T. N. COOPER, Eagle Mills P. O. Iredell county, N. C.

Sold by A. W. FRAPS, Raleigh, N. C.

jan 19-1y T. N. COOPER.

FIRE INSURANCE.

A. W. LAWRENCE, W. W. SMITH.

Lawrence & Smith,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

NO. 64 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

ESTABLISHED IN 1867.

Represent the following first class English and American Companies—with available CASH Assets amounting to over

$80,000,000.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY,

IMPERIAL INSURANCE & NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANIES,
SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD FIRE " "
PHENIX INSURANCE CO., OF BROOKLYN,
GERMAN AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
WESTCHESTER FIRE " " " "
LYCOMING " " " " PENN.
LYNCHBURG " " " " VA.,
HOME PROTECTION, OF NORTH ALABAMA, and others.

Insurance placed in any part of the state.
Agents Wanted where our Companies are not already represented.
dec 25-43m

F. H. CAMERON. T. T HAY. E. E. GRAY.

CAMERON, HAY & CO.,

Late R. G. Hay & Co.

General Insurance Agency,

Represent the following first class Companies:

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
HOME OF NEW YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
HAMBURG BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
FARMVILLE INSURANCE AND BANKING COMPANY.
SEABOARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ST. PAUL'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NORTH CAROLINA HOMEFIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
PAMLICO INSURANCE AND BANKING COMPANY.
QUEEN (FIRE) INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY INSURED AT FAIR EQUITABLE RATES.

Good and Reliable Agents Wanted throughout the State.

Office over Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.

OLD NORTH STATE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF WARRENTON, N. C.,

Has been in Successful Operation for five Years.

ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID

A Thoroughly Reliable Southern Company.

$5 of Assets to $1 of Liabilities.

OFFICERS:

WM. S. DAVIS, President, N. R. JONES, Vice-President,
B. F. LONG Secretary, WM. J. NORWOOD, Treasurer.
T. C. WILLIAMS, Supervisor.

Dead &-Wla

RESTAURANT

TIM LEE'S

RALEIGH CLUB HOUSE!

"The Delmonico of the South,

CORNER MARTIN AND SALISBURY STREETS.

Guinness Dublin XXX Brown Stout on draught with Bass ale, the old English drink of alf & alf, can be procured in the future at Tim Lee's Club House. Also on hand old Robeson county whiskey bought of Hardin & Grimes.

Baltimore Meats and all Delicacies of the Season Served IN FIRST-CLASS ORDER.

NINE PRIVATE SITTING ROOMS, SO THAT PARTIES CAN ALWAYS BE PRIVATE.

☞ FRENCH COOK. oct19—77D3m

ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

KINGSLEY & ASHLEY

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

RALEIGH PLAINING MILLS

MOULDING SCROLL SAWING &c.

ORDERS LEFT WITH

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINEST.

McCallum & Cooper,

Founders and Machinists,

MANUFACTURERS OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Hope Vertical Engine

Carolina Cotton and Hand Presses

We call special attention to the HOPE ENGINE as a SAW-MILL ENGINE, for which purpose we make THREE sizes which will run from a 36 inch to a 60 inch saw. Its safety, simplicity and reliability coupled with its compactness and portability, render it the BEST saw mill engine in use. We furnish saws and saw-mills complete or by parts, with any style of head block at short notice. As a

Ginning and Agricultural Engine.

test of four years, here at home and is steadily growing in favor.

Over 30 in use in this State and half of them in this (Wake) county. Having the best appointed works in the State, employing none but SKILLED workmen and using none but the BEST materials, we are prepared to furnish CHEAPLY and PROMPTLY all kinds of Mill, Saw-mill, Mining and Manufacturing Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Tanks, BOILERS, &c., &c. Patterns of all kinds made from Drawings. We will be pleased to answer inquiries, furnish estimates and make drawings.

Direct all inquiries to

P. O. Box 267. McCALLUM & COOPER

Raleigh, N CC.

MANUFACTURERS.

RUFFIN ROLES

Sash, Door and Blind

Factory.

Dealer in
Dressed Lumber of all kinds,
ooring, Ceiling, Turning,
Scroll Sawing, Window and
Door Frames, Mantels, &
All kinds of
Mouldings, Brackets, Banisters,
Stair Rails, Newell Posts, and Fancy Wood
Work made at short notice

MANUFACTURER OF

Walnut, Poplar, Maple and Pine Furniture, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Wash-Stands, Safes, &c.

COMPLETE CHAMBER SETS

of my own designs, made in beautiful and durable styles. All work entrusted to me will be done in the best manner.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Machine Shop between Morgan and Hargett streets on the R. & G. Railroad.

RUFFIN ROLES,
e5dtf Raleigh, N. C

ALLEN & CRAM

PRACTICAL FOUNDERS

—AND—

Machinists

RALEIGH, N. C.

Having bought all the Patterns and Machinery of the late firm of W. T. Adams & Sons, we propose to make or repair, at the same place, all kinds of

ENGINE, MILL, COTTON GIN AND GENERAL MACHINERY.

By a practical knowledge of and personal application to business, we hope not only to merit a continuation of, but to add to the patronage we have heretofore thankfully received.

Respectfully,
G. M. ALLEN,
oct 17-dtf WM. CRAM.

N. S. HARP,

Manufacturer of

CARRIAGES,
PHÆTONS,
ROCKAWAYS,
BUGGIES, &c., &c.

Has a full line of work for the fall trade and will take pleasure in showing it.

Open Buggies, $90, $100 to $150

Top Buggies, $125, $175 to $250

All work warranted as represented. Repairing done promptly for CASH.
c13dm

LEVY'S

CHAMPION IMPROVED

Yoke Shirt Factry,

2 CHANGE PLACE,

Third Door from Julius Lewis & Co.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER and a perfect fit guaranteed.

Finest Linen and Best Bleaching Used.

Send for instructions how to take your measure for SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. Perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded. Call and see SHIRTS in all styles and different qualities at reasonable prices, which will induce you to leave your order at
oct 18-tf LEVYS.

LIQUORS.

If You Will Drink,

DRINK PURE LIQUORS IN MODERATION.

We have always in store a full and choice stock of goods in this line, including the well-known and excellent
ROBERTSON COUNTY (Tenn.) RYE WHISKIES,
SUMMERDEAN, (Virginia Valley) RYE WHISKIES, (for which we are sole Agents.)
"GOLDEN WEDDING" and Cabinet Whiskies,
Choice old COGNAC of Planat & Co.,
SHERRY WINES of Moreno DeMora and Rudolph,
PORT WINES of William and John Graham
CLARETS of Jules Merman & Co.
CHAMPAGNES of various approved brands
Imported "FISH" GIN, pure and genuine for medical purposes.
Best New England RUM, and N. C. APPLE BRANDY.
Youngers' and Bass ALE,
Guinness' Brown Stout, CHAMPAGNE CIDER,

&c., &c., &c., &c. &c.

We buy all Foreign Wines and Liquors direct of Importers and Agents. We cater only for a first-class Liquor trade, and purchasers can rely upon the genuine character of all goods bought of us. Orders from a distance promptly and carefully filled, in boxed Demijohns, or as may be desired.

HARDIN & GRIMES.
se19d6m

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask etc., no two alike, with name, 10 cents Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

DAILY NEWS

SATURDAY,.....JANUARY 19, 1878.

THE WEEKLY NEWS is the best weekly paper published in North Carolina. It is only ONE DOLLAR per year, postage paid, contains 32 columns of plain printed news from every section of the country, and important advertisements. Always Cash.

[For the News.

Do Good.

BY H. V. PAUL.

Go, speak a word or do a deed
That may some comfo t bring;
Stretch forth thine hand to pluck a thorn
And heal a poignant sting.

Go, raise the fallen and restore
Them back to peace again,
And shed the light of Hope once more
In hearts bowed down with pain.

Go, lead the Magdalens that stray
From Virtue's chaste, delightful way,
And sing to those, who wayward roam,
The dear old songs of "Home, Sweet Home."

Go, take the Prodigal by the hand
That wandereth in a stranger land,
And tell him that 'round Home's wide gate
Kind hearts his coming do await.

Go, thou to whom the strength is giv'n
And lead dear, suffering souls to heav'n,
And thou shalt drink in joys profound
And wear a bright, Celestial crown.

GENERAL NOTES.

The handsomest evening dresses are made of plush grenadine in solid colors, such as ciel blue, rose, pink and cream.

Nearly six thousand tramps were entertained at the Berks county, Pennsylvania, Almshouse during the past three months.

It is reported that the New Jersey Legislature will pass an act forbidding Governors to practice law during their official term.

When a woman smiles at an affront, one of two things is certain. She has either lost all modesty, or she is assured of her revenge.

A novel attempt at suicide was that of a Houston woman who knocked a hole in a window pane and sawed her neck over the ragged glass.

A married Detroiter, who patronizes the female barber of the place, lost all his hair. But it was not the gentle barber who robbed him of his locks—ah, no—nay—nix.

Mr. Chester Tilden, of Willimantic, Conn., has prepared a genealogy of the Tilden family, beginning with the year 1628, including a biography of Mr. Samuel J. Tilden.

Mrs. Laura D. Fair, the San Francisco murderess, has just finished a dramatization of Owen Meredith's "Lucile," the principal portion of which was written in prison.

The Freethinkers of Western Pennsylvania will celebrate Tom Paine's one hundred and forty-first birthday by holding a three days' meeting at Linesville on the 27th, 28th and 29th of January.

Philadelphia *Times*: Senator Edmunds was a civil service reformer all the time. It just needed the New Hampshire calcium light to bring out the points and show how widely he differed with Conkling.

Horseflesh is now becoming so common an article of food in Paris that a thousand beasts are consumed every month. They are not killed until they become useless for work through age or lameness. The meat is but half the price of beef.

At a Pittsburg church fair young girls disguised as slaves were placed on the auction block, and knocked down to the highest bidder, the cash going into the church treasury. The property, of course, was not delivered to the purchasers.

The Ohio House has passed a resolution in favor of the remonetization of silver, and asserting that President Hayes and Secretary Sherman, in their opposition to the resolution of the silver dollar, do not represent the views nor wishes of the Ohio people.

Philadelphia *Times*: Dan Voorhees' speech of Tuesday is already circulating through Indiana as a campaign document, and is the thing with which it is expected the Democrats will carry the Legislature and return the great Columbian orator to the Senate.

English authors produced and had printed last year 3,049 books. There were also 2,046 new editions, making the total book production of England 5,095, against 4,888 the preceding year. Fiction, of course, is the most numerous class; after that comes theology and then education, juveniles and history and biography.

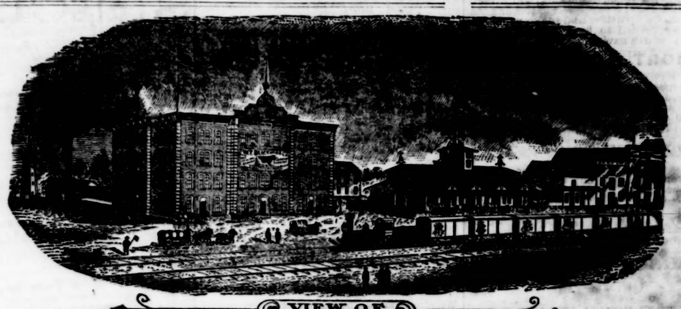
Philadelphia *Times*: Reasonable people are quite willing to admit that railroad accidents, like rain, fall impartially upon the just and the unjust—but, none the less, if that excursion train had been bringing excursionists home from a prize-fight, instead of from a Moody and Sankey prayer meeting, just wouldn't the sectarian journals have pointed morals and adorned tails on the strength of it!

The scale of the Russian campaign in Europe may be better understood by many Americans, according to a writer in the Boston *Advertiser*, by comparison with a similar area in the familiar country of the Virginia valley. Suppose Washington to represent the junction of the Jantra river with the Danube; then Manassas Gap, forty-five miles south of west, would be Plevna; thence ninety miles southwest, Stanton, in the Shenandoah valley, would be Sophia; thence southeast, 175 miles, Fortress Monroe would stand for Adrianople; from which place back to the starting point is 140 miles west of north. The Balkan range would cross this track, east and west, on the parallel of Gordonsville.

A Philadelphia advertisement for sixty men not less than six feet high, to appear in the play of "Antony and Cleopatra" drew a multitude to the theatre. One of the successful ones wore a glossy black beard that stretched far down his bosom. Being asked how he fared, he replied: "I was selected, but I make a great sacrifice. I have been six years growing these whiskers, but I've got to cut 'em off. Them Egyptians wore no beards, and I'm cast for an Egyptian. I get twenty-five cents a night and have to pay the first night's money each week to the doortender. It will cost me forty cents a week to get shaved; but then I'll earn ninety cents a week, and that'll pay in these times."

New York *Tribune*: A Yankee wooing in which the sweetness was long drawn out, has ended in a law suit for room rent and lights. A long time ago a shoemaker in Harom, N. H., began to pay attentions to a young lady, who smiled and sighed for him to speak out. The days passed, the weeks rattled on, the months swept by, the years marched on with stately tread, the terrestrial ball rolled on in the roomy universe, and the shoemaker was still wooing. Four years after the courtship opened the stepfather of the maid lost patience, and forbade the deliberate lover to come again to the cosy little parlor. Then he brought suit against the fellow for room-rent, fuel and lights, estimating his damages at $300. Tardy suitor, take warning! Loafing is not loving.

SMOKING TOBACCO CO.



VIEW OF
W. T. BLACKWELL & CO'S DURHAM TOBACCO WORKS.
DURHAM, N.C.

SMOKE
DURHAM

TRADE MARK
THE BEST. TRY IT.
SMOKING TOBACCO,
Manufactured by Roulhac & Co., Durham, N. C.
For Sale in Raleigh by GEORGE ZIEGLER, Next Door to Yarbrough House.
oct14—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

1878
1878
1878
1878

BOLTED VIRGINIA MEAL,
Liverpool Fine Salt.
NORTH CAROLINA FLOUR.
Egerton's Scotch Snuff.
PATAPSCO BAKING POWDER.
SUGARS AND COFFEES.
FOR SALE BY
W. H. DODD.
jan 9-tf

DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS
T. H. BRIGGS & SONS,
Briggs Building, Raleigh, N. C.,
DEALERS IN
AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND GERMAN
HARDWARE.
WAGON and BUGGY MATERIAL, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PAINTS, OILS, COLORS, PUTTY, WINDOW GLASS, COTTON GINS, STEAM ENGINES, BELTING, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, and MILL SUPPLIES.
Correspondence Solicited.
Jan 15-d&wly

A Matter of Popular Interest.
We represent as Manufacturers' Agents in North Carolina, keep in stock and guarantee prices on
"BO LLES" COTTON AND PLANTERS' HANDLED HOES,
PRATT'S "ASTRAL" OIL,
The "All Right" Cook Stove,
LAFLIN & RAND "ORANGE LIGHTNING" GUN AND BLASTING POWDERS,
(MAGAZINE OUTSIDE OF THE CITY LIMITS.)
Averill Chemical Paint, mixed ready for use, and warranted in every particular; Henry Disston & Son's Celebrated Saws; The Shaply Steam Engine; The Biglow Steam Engine, New York Rubber Co.'s Belting, Patent Stretched Oak Tanned Leather Belting.
Fairbanks' Scales.
White Pine Sash, Doors and Blinds,
WARRANTED THE BEST GOODS MADE.
Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes, Peter Wright's English Anvils, Blacksmiths' Bellows, Scythe and Grass Blades, Hames, Traces, Plow Lines, &c.
Rims, Spokes and Hubs, Iron and Steel, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, &c.
We offer the above goods at Lowest Prices, and respectfully solicit your orders.
JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,
FISHER BUILDING, RALEIGH, N. C.
Please write for Catalogues, Prices, &c.
dec 29-tf

NATIONAL HOTEL.
ACCOMMODATIONS EQUAL TO ANY IN THE CITY.
Board $2.00 Per Day.
Delightfully situated next to Capitol Square. Special arrangements made with Drummers; Good Sample Rooms on first and second floors.
REDUCED RATES FOR THEATRICAL TROUPES.
HOUSE OPEN ALL HOURS, DAY AND NIGHT.
C. D. OSBORNE, Proprietor.
jan 2-d12m

SALE OR RENT.
CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.
We offer one of Henry Erben & Sons (second hand, but in good order,) at very low figures. Apply at once.
WM. SIMPSON,
W. H. DODD,
Committee.
nov11d3m

FOR SALE OR RENT.
That commodious Dwelling on Hillsboro street half mile out of city; contains eight large rooms above basement; four rooms in basement; good water; barn and stables; two acres of land; possession immediately. For particulars apply to
DR. J. H. CRAWFORD.
dec 21-1m

HAPPY RELIEF.
To all suffering from chronic diseases of all kinds. Confidential consultation invited personally or by mail. New method of treatment. New and reliable remedies. Book and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes, address Howard Association, 419, N. Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa., an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. mayl5dly

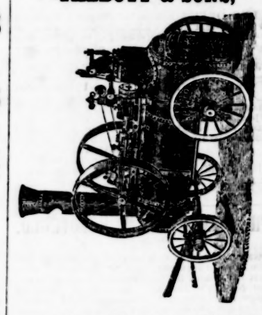
Prescription Free,
FOR the speedy cure of Semina Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indiscretion or Excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients.
Dr. JAQUES & CO., Cincinnati, O.

RICHMOND, VA.

(From Rev. W. W. Bennett, D. D., Senior Editor Richmond Christian Advocate.)
I have tried the Xanthine, and found it to be all it claims in restoring hair to its natural color and removing dandruff. W. W. BENNETT.

(From Rev. Mr. Cameron, Minister of the Presbyterian Church South.)
MOSSY CREEK, Tenn., August 22, 1876.
Xanthine Co., Richmond, Va.:
I have used the Xanthine now for three years, and have induced others to try it, and have never known it to fail in accomplishing all you claim for it. It is an excellent tonic a pleasant dressing, removing and preventing dandruff and all unpleasant itching, promoting and preserving the natural growth and color of the hair, and rendering it glossy and pliable. I confidently, cheerfully and knowingly recommend it.
WILLIAM CAMERON.
For sale by Purcell, Ladd & Co., and R. W. Powers & Co., wholesale agents, Richmond Va. au 21-dawly

TALBOTT & SONS,



Shockoe Machine Works,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Manufacturers of
Engines and Boilers, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys, Turbine Water Wheels, Tobacco Factory Machinery, Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Castings
Machinery of Every Description.
Repairing promptly and carefully done. Ginning and Threshing Engines a specialty.
Send for illustrated Catalogue.
Branch Office, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
W. C. MORGAN, Manager.
au21dawly

ENGINES FOR SALE.
BO LERS AND MACHINRY,
NEW AND SECOND HAND
Lanes' Patent Saw-Mills & Set Works,
PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
PLANING MACHINES,
STEAM PUMPS,
BOILER FEEDERS, &c.
Mill Gearing and furnishing a specialty. Send for circulars and descriptive price list of second hand machinery and names of our patrons.
RAHM & HUNTER,
Richmond, Va.
Dec 5dawtf

31 Sacks
SUPERIOR "RENCHER FLOUR,"
Equal to "PATAPSCO" in whiteness and nutritious sweetness. Just received at
W. C. McMACKIN'S.
Price $1.00 per Sack.

200 Doz. FRESH EGGS
AT
McMACKIN'S.

12 OPEN and TOP
Finely finished and durable
Buggies,
Price $80, and $100. These vehicles are warranted for superior material and skilled workmanship
MILBURN WAGONS—TWO-HORSE—SUBSTANTIAL. PRICE, $75.
At
McMACKIN'S,
McKee Square, opposite Berry's Sale stables
jan 18 d3m

SANDERS, BLACKWOOD & CO.,
Cotton Dealers.
RALEIGH, N. C.
d-oc5dtf

CONFIDENTIAL Notice to Agents. New Organs 16 stops $120 15, $96 1., $85. Pianos retail price $650, only $175. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

RICHMOND VA.
ST. JAMES HOTEL
Pleasantly seated at the southwest corner of Capitol Square,
T. W. BENNIGER, PROPRIETOR.
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Maintained in popular favor and maintained its reputation for uniform cleanliness, first class fare, prompt and polite attention to guests.
Charges reduced to $3, $2.50 and $2.00, according to size and location of room.
june 21-1y

A. Hoen & Co.
Engravers & Lithographers.
Richmond, Va.
septlly

NORFOLK, VA.
S. A. STEVENS J. S. AMES
S. A. STEVENS & CO
DEALERS IN
Furniture and Carpeting,
Cor. Main and Cranby Sts.,
NORFOLK, VA.
Agents for Chickering & Sons' PIANOS and Geo. Woods & Co.'s ORGANS.
apr10dawl2m
apr1677-d&wl2m

LUTHER SHELDON
DEALER IN
Sash, Doors and Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, Stair Rails, Builders' Hardware, Newels,
Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty,
and Building Materials of every description
Agents for Wadsworth Martinez and Longman's Pure Ready-Mixed Paints, every gallon warranted to give satisfaction. It is more durable, more economical, and gives a handsomer finish than any White Lead and Oil or any so-called Chemical Paints. Send for card of colors and list of prices.
38 and 40, *Roanoke Avenue, Norfolk, Va.*
apr1 0daw12m

W. E. THOMSON, Norfolk, Va. J. R. POWELL, Bertie Co., N. C.
House Established in 1829.
THOMSON & POWELL,
(Successors to John James)
STRICTLY
Commission Merchants,
87 & 89 and 28 & 30 Corner Water and Commerce Streets,
NORFOLK, VA.
COTTON A SPECIALTY.
I have turned over my business to the above firm and commend them to my friends. I shall remain with them and assist them in their business. Respectfully
au3d6m JOHN JAMES.

LASSITER & BROCKWELL!
General Commision Merchants,
For the sale of Corn, Cotton, Oats, Peanuts. Lumber, &c., having located at No's 20 and 24 Commerce street, would respectfully solicit consignments of Produce generally.
Will endeavor to make sales at the highest market prices and render prompt returns.
Liberal advances made on consignments of produce in hand.
Refer by permission to Hon. Jno. B. White head, President Exchange National Bank, of Norfolk, Va.; Col. Walter H. Taylor, President Marine Bank; Col. J. E. Barry, President People's National Bank; W. F. Allen & Co., wholesale grocers; Hamburge Bros., wholesale tobacconists, Norfolk, Va
nov25—1yr

MANSION HOUSE,
Norfolk, Va.
(NEAR THE MARKET.)
BOARD PER DAY,..... .00
R. T. JAMES, Proprietor.
First-class Restaurant attached to the house.
oct23d3m

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS, WM. C. DICKSON
T. A. WILLIAMS & CO
Wholesale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
2 and 4 Roanoke Square, NORFOLK, Va.
Agents for Welches Valley, Peabody, Snow Flake and other favorite brands of Flour.
Also make a specialty of Salt, Molasses and Sugar.
apr10d12m

M. L. T. DAVIS & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
—SELL—
MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SALT AND FLOUR
In Car Load Lots.
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
CAPT. D. BELL, Salesman in the house.
apr10d12m

B. F. BAXTER & CO.,
Wholesale Tobacconist.
Offers unusual inducements to cash and prompt sixty day buyers.
NORFOLK, VA.
apr10d12m

ATLANTIC HOTEL
NORFOLK, VA.
R. S. Dodson, Proprietor.
Board, First and Second Floors, per day $3.00; Third and Fourth Floors, per day, $2.50. special terms for permanent boarders.
may 14-tf

GOODE HOUSE,
Corner Commerce and Main Streets,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
JESSE C. JACOCKS, Proprietor.
T. H. MILLAR, Clerk,
Board Per Day, $2.00
augsdtf

PORTSMOUTH, VA.
PETERS BROTHERS,
Cor. of Water and London Sts.,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.
General Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Coal, Lumber, Hay, Grain, &c.
Orders solicited and SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
au30d3m

AUCTION SALE.
BY VIRTUE of a Deed of Trust executed to me for the benefit of certain creditors, I will sell at public auction, in the City of Raleigh, for cash,
ON THE 7TH OF FEBRUARY NEXT,
a large and well assorted lot of Jewelry. A good chance for dealers. Hour and place of sale will be more specifically given.
E. R. STAMPS,
Trustee.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16, 1878. jan 16-td

20 CHROMO CARDS, ten styles, with name, 20c, post-paid. J. B. HUB. BARD, Nassau, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
DR. GEO. W. GRAHAM,
RALEIGH, N. C.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO
EYE, EAR & THROAT.
sept 4-d&wly

P. M. BRIGGS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Raleigh, N. C.
Practices in the Courts of Wake and Orange and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Special attention given to collections of claims and to the adjustment and settlement of accounts, particularly to the accounts of Guardian and Ward, Executors, Administrators and Trustees, and all business in the Probate Court generally.
Office corner Fayetteville and Martin Streets, opposite Citizens' National Bank, upstairs.
Jan 2 d12m

A. W. HAYWOOD, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Office in "Bagley building," opposite the new Post Office, Raleigh, N. C. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Having had four years experience in the banking business, previous to obtaining his license to practice law, he is a practical bookkeeper, and will devote special attention to settling the estates of deceased persons, taking accounts, &c. Refers by express permission to each of the Banks in Raleigh.
Jan 2 12m

DR. RICHARD H. LEWIS,
(Late Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Savannah Medical College,)
Practice Limited to the
EYE and EAR,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Refers to the State Medical Society and of the Georgia Medical Society.
[sd2tly

W. W. JONES
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
RALEIGH, N. C.
Practices in the District and Circuit Court of the United States and the Courts of the 6th Judicial District of the State; office on corner of Martin and Fayetteville Street, opposite Government Building up stairs.
ap23-Dly

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
(Over Citizens' National Bank,)
RALEIGH, N. C.
Attends all the Courts in Fayetteville and Raleigh. Collections made in any part of the State. Refers by permission to each of the Banks at Raleigh, and to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
may 9 d1y

EUGENE L. HARRIS
Artist in Crayon,
CHAPEL HILL, N. C.
Portraits enlarged the most finished tyle of crayon drawi from any kind o mail picture.
14x17 $10: Framed 13; 18x22 $15
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
se2d

DR. W. W. JONES
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.
OFFICE—Over Enniss' Book Store, 4 doors below Pescud, Lee & Co.
jan 13 d12m

MISCELLANEOUS.
ODORLESS.
DISINFECTANT.
BURROUGHS
Is the most powerful and lasting Disinfectant known. It may be safely used under any circumstances. After two minutes no odor from it or the place where it was used. Warranted to purify the air instantly in the sick room and hospital, preventing the spread of fevers and contagious diseases. Damp cellars made healthy. Barns and stables purified; put it in water closets and urinals and it renders them odorless and free from contagion. Thickly inhabited houses, crowded rooms and halls given a pure and healthy atmosphere by allowing it to evaporate. Street cars should use it and thus drive contagion from them. For ships it is the best known means for counteracting the odor from bilge water, will purify the ship and in no way injure any material. Beer saloons should use it as all bad odors will immediately disappear. Railroad companies need it in their waiting rooms and water closets. Restaurants and hotels need it.
Undertakers can prevent bodies one month with one pound of the Disinfectant.
Receiving vaults in cemeteries freed from any possibility of contagion.
It is cheap, valuable and highly recommended as the
BEST DISINFECTANT
by every one that has used it.
Sold by all druggists—box 20 cents—bottle 25 cents.
Salesroom 23 & 30 Broadway, N. Y.
Agents wanted in every city and town in the United States.
dec6dtaw6m

KELVYN NURSERY,
PITTSBORO, N. C.
ORNAMENTAL PLANTING.
Citizens of Raleigh, or of other points, desiring to improve their grounds during the winter and spring, are invited to correspond with the subscriber. He offers a very large stock of Ornamental Evergreens, Trees, Roses, Shrubs, Bulbs, including many hundred varieties. The stock being very heavy in amount will be offered very low during the present (eleventh) year of the Nursery. All bills of 25 and upward will be delivered free of express, in Raleigh. Send for catalogue. Plans of improvements carefully prepared. The subscriber may be personally consulted in Raleigh, if notified by postal card. It is believed that the present stock is not excelled anywhere. Dutch Bulbs, Flower Seeds and small plants mailed promptly. Fine lot of imported Hyacinths, Tulips, &c., now in hand.
C. B. DENSON,
dec 29-tf Pittsboro' N. C.

LOTTERY.
A L.S.L.
A SPENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DISTRIBUTION, 1878, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 12th.
Louisiana State Lottery Company.
This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and charitable purposes, in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number distributions will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:
CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH
HALF-TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.
LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$30,000
1	Capital Prize	10,000
1	Capital Prize	5,000
2	Prizes of $2500	5,000
5	Prizes of 1000	10,000
20	Prizes of 500	10,000
100	Prizes of 100	10,000
200	Prizes of 50	10,000
500	Prizes of 20	10,000
1000	Prizes of 10	10,000

Approximation Prizes.

9	Approximation Prizes of $300		2,700
9	do	do 200	1,800
9	do	do 100	900

1,857 Prizes, amounting to $130,400
Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberally remunerative compensation will be paid.
Application for rates to clubs, should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.
Write for further information or send orders to
M. A. DAUPHIN.
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana.
All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.
The next drawing occurs Tuesday, March 25th.
jan 12-d8&W1m&wlt

DRY GOODS.
J. M. ROSENBAUM,
CLOTHIER
AND DEALER IN
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
N. E. CORNER FAYETTEVILLE AND HARGETT STREETS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
oct 18dtf

NOTICE.
NEW FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, White Goods, Notions, Hats and Caps, Shoes Trunks, Umbrellas and Clothing.
FULLEST STORE IN THE STATE.
Just received at
JOS. P. GULLEY'S,
Fayetteville street and Exchange Place,
Raleigh, N. C
I thank the generous public for their liberal patronage; I appreciate it, and have bought this my 1877 fall stock at bottom prices, and am prepared to meet any competition in any line I represent. I keep good goods and represent them as they are.
I am agent for
Dr. Warner's Health Corset,
With Skirt Supporter and Self Adjusting Pads.
This Corset is fitted to the natural form, and not to artificial and distorted models, thus combining in the highest degree, grace and beauty of form, with health and comfort of body.

CORSET,
and also
DR. WARNER'S NURSING CORSET
Also agent for Frank Leslie's
Cut Paper Patterns.
Send for circular—free.
Very respectfully,
J. P. GULLEY.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.
T. R. LOADER,
FASHIONABLE
Merchant Tailor,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
Having just returned from an extended trip to the Northern markets where I have spent some time in examining the different grades and styles of
Fall Suitings,
I am prepared to offer the largest and most carefully selected stock of Merchant Tailors' goods ever brought to this market. My stock will comprise full line of
CASSIMERES,
BEAVERS,
TWEEDS,
CHEVIOTS,
DIAGONALS,
VESTINGS, &C.
All of the most fashionable patterns and finest stock the market affords. I most respectfully invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my stock. I am satisfied I can make it to their advantage to deal with me. I guarantee my work to be first-class in every respect.
T. R. LOADER,
se22d3m Merchant Tailor, Raleigh, N. C.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING
BUT
WEIKEL
IS
ALREADY HERE
With his Third Stock of
WINTER GOODS
FOR
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Having purchased his stock since the recent decline, he is prepared to sell goods at nearly former rates.
DRESS SUITS,
BUSINESS SUITS.
or parts of suits put up at the shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed as to fit.
CALL AND SEE HIS
NEW STOCK.
Remember the Place and Sign
C. WEIKEL,
No. 1 HOLLEMAN BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE METROPOLITAN HALL.
dec 12-tf

FURNITURE.
FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
W. H. MORRIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Furniture,
SPRING BEDS AND MATRASSES,
No. 3 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
We are daily receiving our large and varied stock of FURNITURE of new and original design.
We would invite the public and those attending our State Fair to call and examine our stock and prices, even if they do not wish to purchase. No trouble to show goods.
W. H. MORRIS & CO.,
3, Fayetteville Stree Raleigh,
oct 17-dtf

BALTIMORE.
JENNINGS' EAU DENTIFRICE, an elegant, safe and efficient MOUTH WASH, for cleansing, beautifying and preserving the Teeth and Gums, and imparting an agreeable odor to the breath. For sale at the principal drug stores.
Prepared by N. HYNSON JENNINGS & CO., No. 9 North Charles Street, Baltimore.
sep 2 dawly

BALTIMORE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.
FERTILIZERS.
Baker, R. J. & Co. Pure Ground Bone and Chemicals for Fertilizers, 36 & 38 S. Charles Street.
Piedmont Guano & Man. Co., 81 South Street
Rasin, R. W. L. & Co. 32 South Street, Chemical Fertilizer Manufacturers.
Rhodes & Co., 80 South Street.
may 27-dawly

ESTABLISHED 1850
LOCK HOSPITAL,
SOUTH FREDERICK ST., BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.
(Half minutes' walk from Postoffice.)
Practice Limited to Private and Confidential Diseases.
Dr. WORTHINGTON may be consulted upon all those diseases of the Generative organs which tend to embitter life and shorten its duration, including Nervous Debility, causing indigestion, pain in the back and loins, weakness, headache, impotency, impaired sight, loss of memory, eruption on the face and body, loss of sexual power, bashfulness, &c., making married life unhappy, and single life miserable. The Doctor guarantees that no case placed in his treatment shall leave his care till thoroughly restored to sound and vigorous health, without the use of Mercury in any form, his treatment being purely Vegetable.
Notice to Country Patients.
Parties living at any distance from the hospital can be successfully treated by sending symptoms of their disease. The Doctor will forward to any address in the United States, free from observation, a printed list of questions, thereby enabling the patient to give a minute description of their case, which is all he requires to effect a quick and sure cure.
All letters directed to Dr. Worthington, Lock Hospital, Baltimore, Md., will receive prompt attention.
Office hours from 8 in the morning till 10 at night. Sundays, till 12 o'clock, noon.
Separate Consulting Rooms for patients.
se19dawly

TO ALL MEN—A SPEEDY CURE.—The direful results of early indiscretion which renders marriage impossible, destroying both body and mind, general organic weakness, pain in the head or back, indigestion, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, timidity, tremblings, dizziness, loss of sight, languor, lassitude, dyspepsia, nervous debility, consumption, &c., with those exciting effects of mind so much to be dreaded, loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion of society, self distrust, love of solitude, &c.
MARRIAGE.
Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, (loss of procreative power—impotency), nervous excitability, palpitation, organic weakness, nervous debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved.
A SPEEDY CURE WARRANTED.
In recent disease immediate relief—no mercury. Persons ruining their health, wasting time with ignorant pretenders and improper treatment, driving disease into the system by that deadly poison, mercury, and causing fatal affections of the head, throat, nose or skin, liver, lungs, stomach or bowels, speedily cured. Let no false delicacy prevent you applying.
Enclose stamp to use on reply. Address
J. CLEGG,
Office, 89 and 91 South High street, BALTIMORE MD.
se27dawly

NEWSPAPERS.
THE INSURANCE WATCHMAN
A LIVE INSURANCE JOURNAL,
Published monthly at
RALEIGH.
It is invaluable as a source of information for
INSURANCE AGENTS
and property holders who insure their property.
Contains all the current issues and literature of the day.
PRICE $2.50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.
Address
C. P. BROWN & CO., Editors,
Raleigh, N. C.
oct31dtf

HOTELS.
Both Houses Under the Same Management and Control.
CARROLLTON HOTEL,
Baltimore, Md.
Baltimore, Light and Green Streets.
$1, $3 and $2.50 per Day.
R. B. COLEMAN & CO.,
se15d6m Proprietors.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
Washington, D. C.
Pennsylvania Av. bet. 6th and 7th sts.
$1, $3 and $2.50 per Day.
R. B. COLEMAN & CO.,
se 15d6m Proprietors.

STOP AT THE
BOYDEN HOUSE,
Salisbury, N. C.
C. S. BROWN,.....Proprietor.
[Late of the National Hotel, Raleigh.]
C. S. Brown, Jr., Chief Clerk; L. W. Masten and W. O. Shelburn, Assistants.
jan 7 3m

Stop at The
Manning House
CORNER MARKET AND SECOND STREETS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
ED. WILSON MANNING, PROPRIETOR.
BOARD $2.50 AND $2.00 PER DAY.
Special rates made for a week or more to suit the times. Omnibus and porter at all trains. sep 2dtf.

Briggs House,
WILSON, N. C.
J. T. S. YOUNG, - - Prop
First-Class Accommodation.
no1d3m

MISCELLANEOUS.
A. W. FRAPS.
One of the oldest Liquor Dealers in Raleigh. Keeps on hand the best Bayview Beer, Wines, Whiskies, and all kinds of the purest Liquors.
Beer at Wholesale and Retail, at old stand oppo Ite Metropolitan Hall.
dec 21-d3m

ATTENTION BUSINESS MEN and respectable Traveling agents. We wish to make arrangements with some responsible party to introduce into Alabama and Georgia an already established Patent Medicine. To the right man we will offer liberal inducements. The medicine has already a large sale in malarial districts. Address WILLETS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Mfrs. the Wm. Penn Fever and Ague Cure.
dec6dlead

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES.
The Public
Can always find first-class conveyances, whether for pleasure or business, at our Livery rooms. We have the largest and most complete establishment in the state. Horses, mules, carriages, buggies, &c., always on hand for sale, hire or exchange.
G. W. WYNNE & CO,
se15dtf

DAILY NEWS.

SATURDAY..............JANUARY 19, 1878.

The City.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18—For the South Atlantic States, warmer and clear weather, followed by increasing cloudiness, light variable winds and falling barometer.

The Mails,

The mails now close as follows:

Raleigh & Gaston	10:00 a. m.
Western	11:50 a. m.
Eastern	3:50 p. m.
Chatham	9:00 p. m.

The office opens for delivery of the mail as follows:

Chatham	8:00 a. m.
Eastern	1:30 p. m.
Western	5:00 p m
Raleigh & Gaston	6:00 p. m.

Two Northern mails daily, closing at 10 a. m. and 3:50 p. m.

Sundays open from 5 to 6 p. m.

W. W. HOLDEN, P. M.

Index to New Advertisements.

HARDIN & GRIMES.—Butter.
JOHN C. PALMER.—Special Notice.
W. H. BLACKFORD.—Correspondence invited.
TAPPY & STEEL.—Mortgage sale.
WHEELER & WILSON.—American Institute.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

——Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms.

——A telegram addressed to D. M. King is held at the telegraph office.

——Quite a number of country wagons were in the city yesterday and business appeared to be rather brisk.

——Letters addressed to Miss Maggie R. Rose, and Mr. Thomas B. Fuller, Fayetteville N. C., are held for lack of postage at the office.

——We are informed that through the carelessness of some one, hogs are permitted to rove at will in the old cemetery. The matter should be inquired into.

——The pastors of our city churches are requested to send in notices of any changes in services, &c., to-day, so that they may appear in Sunday's issue.

——Hill's Manual answers thousands of questions of a business, commercial and statistical character, which farmers, mechanics, business and professional men desire to know.

——Meander with your girl these moonlight nights, you can now look at her sweet face upturned towards yours in the soft brightness, but it will soon be so devilish dark you can't see anything except a lamp reflector.

——We have been shown a handsome lithograph of the Chairman of the committee on arrangement of infants at the baby show. This we understand is to be given as a premium to the best looking mother at the exhibition. It will be a handsome gift.

——"Let one's vocation be what it may, Hill's Manual will be serviceable as a book of reference, for every conceivable exigency in the business and social world seems to have been provided for. It admirably meets a want which many women have come to feel."—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, of the Woman's Journal, Boston, Mass.

Supreme Court.

Court met on yesterday, (Friday), at 10 o'clock. Present, Chief Justice Smith, Associate Justices Reade, Rodman, Bynum and Faircloth.

Call of appeals from the 5th District was resumed.

Reuben Henry *vs.* W. C. Smith *et als.* from Anson; called and continued for want of counsel.

K. M. C. Williamson *vs.* Flat Swamp, Locks Creek and Evans Creek Canal Company, from Moore; argued. J. W. Hinsdale and N. W. Ray appearing for plaintiff, and J. C. McRae for defendant.

Augus Blue *et als. vs.* Flora McFarland *et als.* from Richmond; continued by consent.

At one o'clock the court adjourned until this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock.

Stopping a Train.

Yesterday morning, as the Northern bound mail train on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad neared the bridge over the Neuse, a man appeared on the track waving a large red shawl. The engineer at once stopped his train, and inquired what was the matter. The man who made the signals replied that he wished to be carried to the river. He used most profane language, and tried to appear under the influence of liquor. He was not allowed to get on board, as he had the look of a regular tramp. As the afternoon train neared this city it was stopped by another man, who also made signals. This new trick of the tramps should be stopped at once. The offenders should be held in custody and punished severely.

Their Style--And Ours.

The style of courtship down in Franklin differs very materially from that in vogue here, since we see the *Courier* man says that a certain young man got down on his knees Sunday evening, before his girl, and read a carefully written declaration of love. The girl is said to be still laughing over the ridiculous situation, nor do we blame her. When one of our young men has mustered sufficient courage to assure the idol of his affections that he desires her to partake of his hash and share his quarters in the poorhouse, he generally takes a few lessons in dramatic elocution and as soon as he considers himself competent, he invites the dear one to meander through the Capitol square, some moonlit evening and as she hangs by her eyebrow on the lappel of his coat, he repeats with touching softness and immense effect a few verses declaring his passion, and being so careful in the selection of time and place, the dear one has no alternative but to surrender, and the picture the happy pair make looks like a cut on a soothing syrup bottle.

A Virginian's Opinion.

Clipping from the Danville News the following: "Governor Vance of North Carolina dont know how to say no. He pardons nearly every criminal that applies to him, it appears here of late," the Petersburg Index-Appeal very sensibly adds: The Governor seems to have had first-class reasons for the recent commutation of Thaddeus Davis' sentence.

Magistrate's Court.

In the absence of His Honor Mayor Manly, Justice J. C. S. Lumsden held court at the Mayor's office yesterday. Before him appeared Eldridge Johnson, who on Thursday afternoon, while much under the influence of "fusil oil," drove his horse and buggy at full speed up Fayetteville street. Turning suddenly into Market Place he ran over Mr. Matthew Sorrell, of this county, who was coming down the street. Mr. Sorrell was thrown down and trampled upon by the rapidly moving horse, and the wheels of the vehicle passed over him. He was severely cut and contused about the head and one of his ears was almost torn off by the horse's hoofs. A physician was summoned and on arrival ascertained that his injuries were not serious. The offender, Johnson, after a night's repose in the guard house, being hauled up, was charged with reckless driving and it being an exaggerated case, the Justice required him to give bond in the sum of $200, for his appearance at Court.

A small darkey, named Charles Womble, "made a raise" in the provision line by stealing the dinner of a colored laborer. The dinnerless victim of the theft appeared in court and charged the youthful culprit with the crime. He was turned over to the tender mercies of Sheriff Nowell, who allows him to occupy choice quarters in the county jail until the next term of Criminal Court.

The Insane Asylum Report.

The report of the Board of Directors and Superintendent of this Institution, for the official year ending November 30th, 1877, has been issued, in a pamphlet of 38 pages. Dr. E. Burke Haywood, in behalf of the Board of Directors, in his report, states that in the main the officers were found to be performing their duties satisfactorily to the examining committee. In regard to the accommodations for patients in the building they say that with a capacity for only 224, they are compelled to care for 278 patients. The present appropriation allows a per capita expense of only $226.70, and this is to in every way maintain the patient during the year. This is the smallest appropriation ever made to defray all the expenses for a year, and the committee regard it as insufficient. The average expense per capita in 36 public institutions for the Insane, is stated to be $266.81, while the appropriation for the D. D. & B. Asylum of this State allows an expense per capita of $254.49. In conclusion, the Committee appeal to the Governor to use his influence with the next Legislature to make an appropriation for our insane poor which will at least place them on an equality with those of other States as to a per capita allowance.

The Superintendent, in his report to the Board of Directors, says the total number of admissions from the opening of the Asylum on the 22nd day of February, 1856, is 1,226, and the total number of discharges for the same period is 948, of whom 315 were cured, 122 improved, 180 unimproved and 328 died—leaving now under treatment 278. There have been 151 *new* applicants for admission during the year, but only 53 have been taken in, owing to the want of space &c., and these with great difficulty. The results of the past year in the treatment of patients have been very satisfactory, the *cures* upon admissions having been 24 per cent. The average duration of the insanity before admission was over 2 years. It should be remembered that the disease is difficult to be recognized at its outset, being often confounded with ordinary infirmities of temper or other forms of disease, and too often the golden moments of recognition and speedy cure are lost, before some outbreak forces the conviction of the dread reality upon the friends of the victim. The principal causes of the malady appear to be religious excitement, financial and domestic troubles, and intemperance, while in many cases the cause is absolutely unknown. Upon the register of the asylum appear the names of many of the good and great of our State who have been distinguished in the arts and professions. Appeals for admittance to the Institution are continually made and every possible influence is brought to bear to induce the Board to extend their duties so as to receive and relieve some case deemed exceptional, some desperate maniac, or some lovely woman whom medical aid might snatch from utter destruction. The Superintendent also refers to the insufficiency of the appropriation per capita, and asks that the standard of cost of $250 per capita that was formerly cheerfully granted, be returned to. The report of the Treasurer is submitted, showing the total expenses of the Institution to have been $70,105.96 for last year.

Three More

Sheriffs "interviewed" the State Treasurer and squared their tax accounts yesterday:

K. Haynes, Columbus county.	
General taxes,	$2,822 44
Special "	2,020 67
Total,	$4,843 11
S. R. Hensley, Mitchell county.	
General taxes,	$520 25
Special "	355 69
Total,	$875 94
C. R. Tomlinson, Johnston county.	
General taxes,	$4,662 07
Special "	3,396 37
Total,	$8,058 44

The Best in the World.

The superiority of Wheeler & Wilson's New Sewing Machine is as clearly established as human testimony permits. In addition to the Vienna, Centennial, and other awards, there is an unbroken series of American Institute awards for five years, published in another column, that unqualifiedly proves this Sewing Machine "the best in the world." Still it is sold on as favorable terms as any in the market.

MARRIAGES.

On the morning of the 14th inst., by Rev. R. R. Overby, at his residence in Camden county, N. C., Mr. John M. Whitehurst and Mrs. Sarah A. Sawyer.

At the residence of J. J. Martindale, on Thursday evening the 10th inst., by W. J. King, Esq., Mr. Thomas Hill, of Chatham county, N. C., to Miss [illegible] Martindale, of Moore county.

DEATHS.

In Granville, on 15th inst., Major W. B. Hughes.

In Newbern, at 1 o'clock a. m., J. R. Bailey, Esq., aged 57 years.

At the Methodist Parsonage, in Newbern, at 10 minutes past 9 o'clock p. m., January the 15th, 1878, Mrs. Julia Hastings Brooks, wife of Rev. J. R. Brooks, pastor of New Street Methodist Church, in the 36th year of her age.

Granville Still Ahead.

It is a fact now conceded by all that Granville county is unsurpassed for fine tobacco. Mazeppa is worked from the finest crops that the county affords, carefully selected, only a small per cent. of even these being accepted three years old. O. W. Blacknall manufacturer Kittrell N. C. W. C. A. B. Stronach agents for Raleigh. *

Dealers in Guano, Attention!

Messrs. Kingsley & Ashley offer to prepare and furnish storage for guano at their factory on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within one square of the city. *

Wake Superior Court.

The Court met at 10 o'clock, His Honor Judge McKoy presiding.

The motion docket was taken up. Several cases were argued, and some judgments were rendered.

The hearing of the motions will be resumed this morning at 10 o'clock.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

YARBOROUGH HOUSE.

January 18.—E. Sully, Richmond, Va.; John M. Dorrance, city; S. D. Thomas, A. C. Davis, Baltimore, Md.; Geo. H. Snow, city; Wm. Biggs, Oxford; J. B. Ezell, Columbia, S. C.: H. M. Goldsmith, Charleston, S. C.; Rev. Jas. H. Fitzgerald, Hillsboro; W. A. Maigne, T. F. Rogers, Va.; John T. Brodnax, N. C; P. H. Gibson, Richmond, Va.; W. D. Haven, wife and child, New York; R. Henry, New York; John F. Gibbons and wife, Baltimore; J. W. Corbin, Hillsboro; John Coyle, New York; M. T. Leach, city; J. McEllington, Apex; A. J. Jones, Neuse; Dr. P. H. Mayo, Falkland, N. C.; W. S. Ramsey, B. F. King, Baltimore; C. W. Buckingham, Norfolk, Va.; E. H. Pogue, Hillsboro; A. B. Young, Roseville, N. C.; A. J. Ruffin, Baltimore; Pascal Davie, Petersburg, Va.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

January 18. S. F. Arendell, Eapsboro, N. C.; R. Upchurch, city; F. D. Arendell, city; W. A. Deroe, Portland, Maine; W. Murchison, Harnett; Wm. J. Jenkins, Wake county; George Fleming, city; Capt. D. T. Ward, R. & G. R. R.; W. H. Warthern, Louisberg; A. T. Uzzle, city; J. F. Misenheimer, Co. Shops; Dr. R. T. Couch, Oxford, F. S. Ayers, Baltimore, Md.; Col. Houston Rucker, New York; Geo. E. Barry, Baltimore.

Another Slaughter.

At F. C. Christophers & Co.'s Hargett Street Meat Market, two of the finest Beeves that have been in our city this season. Call early and get supplied. Also Potatoes, Turnips, and everything else good to eat, are always kept on hand. *

Fresh Arrivals

At D. T. Johnson's, (Christopher's old stand), a nice lot of country butter at 30 cents per lb., choice dried peaches at 15 cents per lb., fresh eggs, corned pork, a small lot of stock peas, choice N. C. family flour, all going cheap for cash. Consignments from the country solicited.

* D. T. JOHNSON.

A New Match.

Lights only by friction on the prepared surface on the box. No danger from careless handling, no accidental fires, absolutely safe and certain to ignite. No smell, no noise, try them. For sale by Pescud, Lee & Co., Druggists.

William Woolcott, who leads in low prices, is in New York purchasing a large and carefully selected stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, &c. The facilities he commands enable him to place his goods to our people at lower prices than any establishment in the State. Call at the open front on Wilmington street, or write for samples and prices. *

In the general distribution of medals, if it had been possible for the "International Jury of Award" to have given a medal to the best hotel in Philadelphia, this honor would have been received by the Colonnade, "for all the requisites of a model establishment in every respect." *

A Mistery

Why any one should take an inferior chew, when Blacknall's celebrated "Mazeppa" tobacco can be bought at the same price, free from grit, three years old. O. W. Blacknall, manufacturer of all grades of plug and twist tobacco, Kittrell, N. C. W. C. & A. B. Stronach, agents for Raleigh. *

The finest gift book in existence is Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms. The penmanship, epistolary letters, album selections, wedding ceremonies and beautiful forms of ornamental letters make it desirable for the young lady. The notes of invitation, family records, choice poems and many social forms make it attractive to the lady of mature years. The legal and commercial forms, parliamentary rules, writing for the press, interest tables, bank forms and important reference tables make it indispensable for all men; while to the boy, as a guide and instructor in the formation of correct habits in doing business, this is the most valuable book in the world. *

The First.

John R. Green originated the Durham Smoking Tobacco. His son Lucius, the youngest manufacturer in Durham, is now manufacturing the best. The Indian Girl is lovely. Give it a trial. Ziegler will supply you. *

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A Gentle Hint.

In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your home for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill, and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c.; regular size, 75c.

dec 30-daw

A home to be a home in the best and truest sense of the word must have all its surroundings in perfect harmony. The situation good, the people around sensible and nice, and above all to have a good cook stove in the kitchen, and good heating stoves in the house and keep your lamps filled with the safest of oils. To insure these, every housekeeper should go to Lumsden's, west side Fayetteville street, where they can buy the "Old North State Cook Stove" and the "Headlight" lamp oil, also tin ware and house furnishing goods to suit everybody. *

Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia removes all traces of a black eye and restores the natural hue of the discolored skin. Pescud, Lee & Co., Agents.

The Parent of Insomnia.

The parent of insomnia or wakefulness is in nine cases out of ten a dyspeptic stomach. Good digestion gives sound sleep, indigestion interferes with it. The brain and stomach sympathize. One of the prominent symptoms of a weak state of the gastric organs is a disturbance of the great nerve entrepot, the brain. Invigorate the stomach, and you restore equilibrium to the great centre. A most reliable medicine for the purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is far preferable to mineral sedatives and powerful narcotics which, though they may for a time exert a soporific influence upon the brain, soon cease to act, and invariably injure the tone of the stomach. The Bitters, on the contrary, restore activity to the operations of that all important organ, and their beneficent influence is reflected in sound sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system. A wholesome impetus is likewise given to the action of the liver and bowels by its use.

BAKER'S COD LIVER OIL, LIME AND WILD CHERRY—a pleasant medicine, and certain remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Debility, etc. Now is the time to use it. Jno. C. Baker & Co., Druggists, Philadelphia.
jan5d1awlmwlm

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

RALEIGH MARKETS.

COTTON MARKET:

Reported by LEE, FRAY & MIAL, Cotton Merchants, No. 3 Martin Street.

RALEIGH, N C. January 18 1878.

Middling,	10⅝
Strict Low Middling,	10⅜
Low Middling,	9⅞@9⅝
Strict Good Ordinary,	9½
Good Ordinary,	9¼
Ordinary,	8¼
Middling Stains,	9⅛@9⅝
Low Middling Stains,	9⅛
Good Ordinary Stains,	8⅜@8⅝

Tone of market Quiet and steady. Receipts increasing, footing up about 300 bales to-day.

REPORTED BY RAND & BARBEE.

CITY MARKET—WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 18, 1878

COTTON TIES, new,	5	@	
" " spliced,	4		
BAGGING,	14		
FLOUR, North Carolina,	$6.50	@	7.00
CORN,	65	@	70
CORN MEAL,	75	@	77
BACON, N. C. Hog, round	12½	@	
" " hams,	13½	@	
BULK MEAT, Clear Rib Sides,	7½	@	8
" shoulders,	6	@	
NORTH CAROLINA, Pork,	6	@	
LARD, North Carolina,	12	@	12¼
" Western,	12	@	12½
COFFEE, prime, Rio,	22½	@	
" good,	20	@	
" common,	18½	@	50
SYRUP, S. H.,	34		
MOLASSES, Cuba,	45	@	63
SALT, Liverpool fine,	$1 80		
" Evans,	1 50		
SUGAR, white,	11	@	11½
" yellow,	10	@	11
LEATHER, Red Sole,	25	@	28
" tanned,	40		
HIDES, green,	4	@	4½
" dry,	10	@	11
TALLOW,	7		
POTATOES, sweet, per bush.,	40		
" Irish, " old	2 00		
" " new	1 00		
OATS, shelled,	50	@	
" sheaf, from wagon,	75		
" baled,	1 00	@	
FODDER, baled, new,	1 00		

Henderson Tobacco Market.

Reported by J. S. MEADOWS & TOWNES, Proprietors Meadow's Warehouse.

DARK.

Primings—Common to good	$0 2[illegible]@0.75
Lug—Common " "	1 00@ 2.50
Leaf, " " medium,	2 50@ [illegible]
Leaf—good to fine,	4 00@ 7.00

BRIGHT.

Smokers—common,	$3.50@$5 00
" good to fine,	6 0 @ [illegible]
" extra,	12 00@15.00
Leaf—common to medium,	5 00@ [illegible]
" good to fine,	6 00@[illegible]
Wrappers—common,	6 5[illegible]@10 0
" good to fine,	15 0@2[illegible]
" fancy,	30.00@50.00

REMARKS—The above quotations are for the new crop, the old, in planter's hands, being exhausted. Except for fine bright wrappers and smokers, the demand is light thus early in the season. The market for red tobacco is not yet fairly opened.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON.

LONDON, January 18.

Noon—Consols 95 7-16.
2:00—Consols 95 9-16.
3:30—Consols 95 5-16.

PARIS, January 18.

1:30.—Rentes 109f.

LIVERPOOL, January 18.

Noon—Cotton steady; middling uplands 6⅜; middling Orleans 6 9–16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 18,500, all American. Futures, sellers holding for 1-32 more; uplands and low middling clause for March and April delivery 6 5-16; new crop, shipped for December sail 6 5-16. Sales for the week 62,000 bales; speculation 2,000; export 3,000; stock 392,000; American 233,000. Receipts 74,000; American 62,000; actual export 3,000; afloat 415,000; American 386,000; sales of American 42,000.

3:00 P. M.—Futures weak; uplands and low middling clause, shipped for January delivery 6 9-32@6¼; January and February 6 9-32; March and April 6 9-32; April and May 6 11-32@6 5-16; May and June 6 11-32; June and July 6⅜.

NEW YORK, January 18.

Gold opened at 2. Stocks opened firm. Money 6. Gold 1@1⅛. Exchange, long 4.81½; short 4.83½. State bonds steady. Governments firm.

Cotton dull; uplands 11¼; Orleans 11⅜; sales 1,061 bales, including 578 bales for export. Futures quiet, steady; January 11.24@11.26; February 11.28@11.30; March 11.42@11.44; April 11.56@11.58; May 11.69@11.71.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn without decided change. Pork firm at 12.25@12.50. Lard steady, steam 7.90. Spirits turpentine dull at 31½@32. Rosin dull at 1.67½@1.72½ for strained. Freights steady.

BALTIMORE, January 18.

Flour dull. Southern wheat quiet and only barely steady; Southern red 1.20@1.35; Pa. red 1.33@1.35; No. 2 Western winter red on spot and January delivery 1.32½@1.34; February 1.34. Southern corn quiet and steady; Western active and firm; Southern white 45@54; yellow 50@54.

NIGHT.

LIVERPOOL, January 18.

5 P. M.—Cotton, futures dull; upland and low middling clause, new crop, shipped for January and February sail 6 5-16; sales included 7,700 American.

NEW YORK, January 18.

Money easy at 4@5. Sterling firm at 1½. Gold lower at 1⅛. Governments strong, new five's 6¼. State bonds quiet.

Cotton dull and easier, uplands 11¼; Orleans 11⅜; sales 405 bales; net receipts 1,250 bales; gross receipts 4,098 bales. Futures closed steady; sales 59,000 bales; January 11.20; February 11.23; March 11.38; April 11.52@11 53; May 11.66@11.67; June 11.79; July 11.84@11.85; August 11.91; September 11.63@11.65; October 11.43@11.45.

Flour still in buyers favor, 4.50@4.90; Wheat heavy ½@1c. better at 1.10@1.25; Corn ½@1c. higher, fairly active. Oats a shade firmer. Coffee, Rio, dull 15@18½. Sugar quiet and firm, 7¼@7⅜. Molasses, N. O., steady, fairly active 25@48. Rice quiet 5¼@5⅞. Rosin heavy at 1.65@1 70. Turpentine scarcely so firm at 31½. Pork dull and easier, mess 12.25@12.60. Lard opened firmer, closed heavy, prime steam 7.82½@7.87½. Whiskey dull and nominal at 6@6½. Freights about steady.

BALTIMORE, January 18.

Cotton dull, easier; middling 11¼; gross receipts 72; sales 295; spinners 160; exports coastwise 105.

Oats dull and steady. Rye quiet and steady. Provisions dull and heavy. Pork 12.50; bacon, shoulders 6; clear rib 7@7¼; hams 11@12.00. Lard, refined 8½. Coffee dull, jobs 15½@19½. Whisky dull at 8. Sugar steady and firm.

WILMINGTON, January 18.

Cotton quiet; middling 10½; stock 8,675; weekly net receipts 1,883; coastwise 1,668.

Spirits turpentine firm at 30. Rosin firm at 1.40 for strained. Crude turpentine firm at 1.40 for hard; 2.20 for yellow dip and 2.20 for virgin. Tar firm at 1.50.

NORFOLK, January 18.

Cotton quiet; middling 10⅞; stock 19,093; weekly net receipts 14,739; gross receipts, blank sales 1,738.

BOSTON, January 18.

Cotton quiet; middling 11⅜; net receipts 252; gross receipts 252.

CHARLESTON, January 18.

Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 1,662; sales 500; coastwise 972.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertise in a paper of universal circulation, a paper which maintains right principles in all things; a paper acceptable alike to good men of all parties: and such a paper the NEWS is conceded to be by all men whose opinion is worth having.

MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE of authority vested in us by a mortgage executed by W. M. Sorrell and wife, January 5th, 1877, and recorded in Register's Office, Wake County, Book 45, page 340, we shall sell at public auction at the Court House door in Raleigh, at 12 M.,

MONDAY, MARCH 4TH, 1878

the House and Lot in the town of Cary, N. C., (the lot containing one and a quarter acres,) where the said W. M. Sorrell now resides.

TERMS—CASH.

TAPPEY & STEEL,
By WALTER CLARK, their Attorney.
Raleigh, N. C., 18th Jan. 1878.
jan 19-dtd

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

QUINTUPLE

HIGHEST AWARDS!

1873! 1876!

1874! and

1875! 1877!

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW MACHINE,

"The Best in the World."

UNANIMOUS OPINIONS OF THE JUDGES.

1873. "This Machine is a decided improvement over all other machines in the market, and fully merits the Grand Medal of Honor."

1874. "We unanimously recommend it for the highest award which it is in the power of the Institute to bestow."

1875. "We unanimously recommend that the Great Medal of the American Institute be awarded to the Exhibitors for this machine."

1876. "We respectfully recommend that the Great Medal of the American Institute be awarded to the manufacturers for this machine."

1877. "We do not hesitate to declare it the best Sewing Apparatus in the world. We recommend for it the highest recognition under the rules that can be awarded—

THE SPECIAL MEDAL OF 1877."

WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,
44, 14th Street, Union Square, New York.
28 Market Street,
Jan 19-d2t WILMINGTON, N. C.

BUTTER.

WE OFFER a fine lot of good Western FRESH BUTTER, in boxes of about 30 pounds each, at 21c. per lb., or at retail at 25c. Also our usual stock of choice New York State Butter.

Jan. 19-d3t HARDIN & GRIMES.

CORRESPONDENCE IS INVITED FROM Insurance Agents and others, desiring to represent the New York Life insurance company in Raleigh, and in other portions of North Carolina. Address, with references,

W. H. BLACKFORD,
Manager S. E. Dep't,
jan. 19-d3t Baltimore, Md.

VEGETINE.

THE "LOST ART" RECOVERED.

Galen, the most celebrated physician, flourished in the second century. His theory was that roots and herbs, properly compounded, are Nature's remedy. His cures were so marvellous that he was accused of magic. His mighty skill and success silenced his enemies, and his opinions held sway in the medical world for centuries, until the art of compounding vegetable remedies was gradually lost in the thickening gloom of the middle ages, and poisonous mineral mixtures took its place. But the clouds are breaking in our day, and the almost magical virtues of Vegetine, joyfully attested by thousands, stamp it as a true Galenical compound, and as a blood-purifier and health-restorer probably has had no equal since the days of Galen himself.

A Hopeless Sufferer Cured by VEGETINE.

NOANK, CONN., Nov. 11, 1874.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:—

Dear Sir:—Thinking that a statement of my case may meet the eye of some one suffering from scrofula, I beg you to publish the following, which I cheerfully furnish of my own free will.

I have been afflicted with Scrofulous Humor from my birth, and at times very badly. When about six years old the disease made its appearance on my head, and it was deemed advisable to have the hair shaved, but they were obliged to cut it off with embroidery scissors, as my head was so sore I could not have it shaved. After we had succeeded in healing the sores on the outside they broke, but on the inside, causing me great pain. There have been times when the surface of my hands was all raw from the effect of this humor, and no pen can describe the great suffering I have endured.

About three years ago small kernels made their appearance on the cords of my neck, several of which grew into quite large tumors, and nothing which we could use would remove them. My whole system was so full of scrofulous humor that it seemed ready to burst through the skin at all parts of my body, and I was in a terrible weak and feeble condition. The tumors on my neck had grown to such a size as to disfigure me badly. When in this hopeless condition I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetine, and at once commenced taking it, and after I had used it a short time the tumors commenced discharging, and I do not think I overestimate the quantity from each tumor when I say that a good-sized teacupful of corruption ran out, after which they commenced to heal up and disappear, and now my neck is as smooth and free from bunches as any lady's.

I believe the Vegetine has entirely cleansed every taint of scrofula from my system, and I desire to have this statement published, so that other sufferers may find relief as they surely will do, if they try the Vegetine.

It will afford me pleasure to give any further information relative to my case to all who will call or address me.

ALICE SHIRLEY.

Vegetine.

Unsolicited Evidence

SPRINGFIELD, ME., May 14, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir:—My daughter has been out of health for about two years. About a year ago she had a tumor come on her side which was very painful.

I saw Vegetine advertised in the Farmer, and sent to Bangor and got two bottles. She is now taking the second bottle; her health is much improved, and the tumor is going away as fast as it came. Every one in this vicinity knows what Vegetine has done for my daughter, and I take every opportunity to recommend it to those who are not aware of its great value. Very respectfully,

MRS. SUSAN C. RANDALL.

Every One Speaks Favorably.

EAST MARSHFIELD, MASS., Aug. 31, 1870.

MR. STEVENS.—

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Canker from childhood, causing my mouth to be so sore at times that I was unable to eat. Have taken many preparations, but with no effect until I tried your Vegetine. After taking a few doses I found it relieved the faintness at the stomach that always accompanies Canker Humor; and by the time I had taken the third bottle my mouth was entirely cured. Have not been troubled with it since that time, which is eight months ago. I have recommended it to several of my acquaintances, and every one speaks favorably of its good effect. Yours truly,

P. S. SHERMAN.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Jan 16.

Select Boarding and Day School,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

The Spring Term of the Misses Nash & Miss Kollock's School will open Feb. 1st, 1878, and close June 20th, (twenty weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.
dec 19-3tawtfl

JOB PRINTING.

THE

"News" Steam Job Office,

No. 6 MARTIN STREET,

Is now replete with all the modern and attractive styles of

TYPES, ORNAMENTS, BORDERS, &C.,

and the most improved

PRESSES AND MACHINERY,

Which are driven by steam. These facilities enable us to execute, in the highest style of the art and at the shortest notice, all kinds of plain and fancy

BOOK & JOB PRINTING,

RAILROAD PRINTING,
MERCANTILE PRINTING,
POSTER PRINTING
PRINTING IN COLORS,
CHECK BOOKS,
DRAFTS AND NOTES,
LETTER AND NOTE HEADS,
SHOW AND BUSINESS CARDS,
ACCOUNT SALES,
ENVELOPES, CATALOGUES,
DIPLOMAS AND CERTIFICATES
(on parchment paper,)
FREIGHT LISTS,
LEGAL AND OTHER BLANKS,
WEDDING INVITATIONS,
VISITING CARDS, &c.

Always on hand a full and complete stock consisting of FINE and MEDIUM GRADES PAPERS of all sizes; CARDS of all grades and tints; ENVELOPES of all sizes and qualities, and everything found in a first-class establishment.

Call or Send us Your Orders.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

RT. REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., RT. REV THEO. B LYMAN, D. D. } Visitors.
Rev. Bennett Smedes, A. M., Rector.

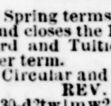
Mrs. Kate DeRosset Meares, Lady Superintendent.

The 72nd Term of this school will begin February 1st, 1878.

For Circulars address the Rector.
dec 21-dawtfebl-78

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

Mebaneville, N. C.



The 16th Session will begin Jan 16, 1878.
For information address,
MAJ. R. BINGHAM,
jan 2-2w Sup't.

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Spring terms commences the 1st Feb., 1878 and closes the 13th June, 1878.

Board and Tuition in English branches $105 per term.

For Circular and Catalogue Address,
REV. R. BURWELL & SON,
dec 30-d2tw1mw2m

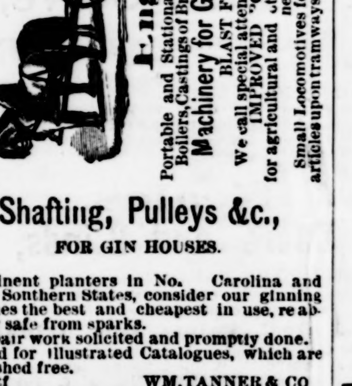
MISCELLANEOUS.

GINNING ENGINES!

METROPOLITAN WORKS

Canal Street from Sixth to Seventh,

RICHMOND, VA.



Shafting, Pulleys &c.,

FOR GIN HOUSES.

Eminent planters in No. Carolina and other Southern States, consider our ginning engines the best and cheapest in use, reliably safe from sparks.

Repair work solicited and promptly done.

Send for illustrated Catalogues, which are furnished free.

we tf WM. TANNER & CO

UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL.

A SCHOOL for instruction in the various branches of the Law has been established in the University, and put under my charge. Having retired from the practice of the law, I will give my whole attention to the duties of the School. My mode of instruction is by Lectures and Recitations. Chapel Hill is noted for health and cheapness of living. The advantages to students of Law of having access to the Libraries and Literary Societies, &c., are obvious.

For terms, see the College Catalogues, or apply to me.

WILL. H. BATTLE,
Prof. of Law.
Chapel Hill, Jan. 17th, 1878.
jan 18-d1m

BUCKWHEAT.

BUCKWHEAT! BUCKWHEAT!!

We have accepted the Agency for the Stonewall Mills, Catawba County,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

acknowledged as the best wherever it is known. We sell it as low as Northern Buckwheat, and guarantee every pound free from grit, impurity or mixture.

None genuine unless bought of us, or of parties who buy of us.

HARDIN & GRIMES,
jan 17-d3t Sole Agents.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask etc., no two alike, with name, 10 cents. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES,

The very best article, made in New York by Lazarus & Morris.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.

JOHN C. PALMER, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 19-d&w3t

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS

Selling Low in order to Make

ROOM FOR OUR

SPRING STOCK,

WE HAVE DETERMINED TO SELL OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

Reduced Prices.

Our stock comprises the best grades of Shoes Manufactured in this country, among them,

CANFIELD'S

Fine Quality Hand Sewed Work for Gents.

Ziegler's make for Ladies' and Children, all at reduced prices.

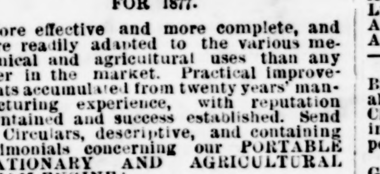
At

HELLER BROS., Shoe House.

jan 4-t

RUBBERS FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN AT 40c.
Ladies' Rubbers at 50c.
Gents' Rubbers at 75c.
At
HELLER BRO'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



STEAM-ENGINES.

FOR 1877.

More effective and more complete, and more readily adapted to the various mechanical and agricultural uses than any other in the market. Practical improvements accumulated from twenty years' manufacturing experience, with reputation maintained and success established. Send for Circulars, descriptive, and containing testimonials concerning our PORTABLE STATIONARY AND AGRICULTURAL STEAM-ENGINES.

WOOD TABER & MORSE,
Eaton, Madison Co., N. Y.

Agents Wanted!

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

829 Broadway, New York City;
Chicago, Ill., New Orleans, La.;
Or San Francisco, Cal

WORK FOR ALL

In their own localities, canvassing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. Largest Paper in the World, with Mammoth Chromos Free. Big Commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

40 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

$200 PER MONTH

made selling the Gycopese or Planetary Top. Buckeye Stationery Package, Magic Pen (no ink required) Catalogue of Agents Goods free. BUCKEYE NOVELTY CO., Cincinnati, O.
dec 30-tf

SCROFULA.

The most remarkable cures of SCROFULA have been and are now being made by the use of MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY for that disease. Cure certain, speedy and permanent. For personal reliability refers by permission to the Rt. Rev. Thos. Atkinson, D. D., of N Carolina, Geo. A. Foote, M. D., Warren Co., and Hons. J J Davis and C M Cooke, of Franklin Co. For certificates of cures, circulars, terms, &c. enclose stamp to Mrs JOE PERSON, Franklinton. N C.

FERTILIZERS.

"PINE ISLAND GUANO"!

"Pine Island

GUANO!"

500

TONS NOW ARRIVING.

Special arrangements and terms offered to dealers in lots of 50 to 100 tons.

Agents Wanted

in Wake, Johnson, Nash, Granville, Franklin, Orange and Chatham, with whom liberal terms will be made.

M. T. LEACH,
Agent.
jan 10 tf

WALTER CLARK.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Bagley Building, corner Fayetteville and Martin Streets.
dec29ly

Salesmen Wanted. $125 A MONTH and Expenses selling to DEALERS. Samples free. CIGARS. Send 3ct. stamp to insure answer. S. FOSTER & CO., Cincinnati, O.

RAILROADS.

CONDENSED TIME

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

Time, Nov. 11th, 1877. *Meal Stations	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Daily.
Lv Greensboro	5.05 p m	8.26 a m
Ar Salisbury	7.17 p m	10.21 a m
Lv Salisbury		
Ar Air-Line Junction	*8 55 p m	*12.00 m
Ar Charlotte	9.23 p m	12 25 p m

No. 1—Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch; at Air Line Junction for Atlanta and all points in the South and Southwest; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. R. R. for all points in the South and Southeast and Florida points.

No. 3—Connects at Greensboro for Raleigh, Goldsboro, and all points on N. C. R. R.; at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. for all points in Western North Carolina; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. R. R. for Columbia and the South, and A. & C. Air-Line for Atlanta and the southwest.

TRAINS GOING NORTH,

Time, Nov. 11th, 1877. *Meal Stations.	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Daily.
Lv Greensboro	11.16 a m	10.41 p m
Ar Danville	1.12 p m	12.50 a m
Lv Danville		
Ar Dundee (Va Mid June)	*1.18 p m	12.55 a m
Ar Burkeville	5.14 p m	4.49 a m
Lv Burkville		
Ar Belle Isle	*7.20 p m	*7.05 a m
Ar Richmond	7.45 p m	7 30 a m

No. 2—Connects at Greensboro for Raleigh Goldsboro, and all points on Salem Branch and N. C. R. R; at Burkeville with A. M. & O. R. R. for Petersburg, etc; at Belle Isle with Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac R. R. for all points North, East and West; at Richmond with C. & O. R. R. for the West.

No. 4—Connects at Belle Isle with Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac R. R. for North, East and West; at Richmond with C. & O. R. R. for all points West.

NORTH CAROLINA R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Daily.
Lv Greensboro	11.20 a m	
Ar Raleigh	4.10 p m	
Lv Raleigh	4.20 p m	9.30 a m
Ar Goldsboro	8.45 p m	12.00 m

TRAINS GOING WEST.	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Daily.
Lv Goldsboro	7.20 a m	4.00 p m
Ar Raleigh	12.10 p m	6.30 p m
Lv Raleigh	12.20 p m	
Ar Greensboro	4.52 p m	

J. R. MACMURDO,
Genl. Passenger Agent,
no17dtf Richmond, Va.

SCHEDULE OF TRAINS

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 11.

PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDANT,
PETERSBURG, November 10, 1877.

Going South.

New York Express leave Petersburg daily at	9:50 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	12:25 P. M.
Southern Express leave Petersburg daily, except Sunday, at	12:10 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	3:20 A. M.
Freight with Passenger Coach attached, leave Petersburg daily, except Sunday, at	12:15 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	6:35 P. M.

Going North.

New York Express leave Weldon daily at	3:30 P. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	6:12 P. M.
Southern Express leave Weldon daily, Monday's excepted, at	2:35 A. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	6:00 A. M.
Freight, with Passenger Coach attached, leave Weldon daily, except Saturday, at	8:00 P. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	1:55 A. M.

Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points, and baggage checked through.

First-class coaches will run through between Wilmington and New York on day trains, and sleeping cars run through on night trains.

Connections with Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio trains at Petersburg, and with Chesapeake and Ohio trains at Richmond, for all the Virginia Springs and western points.

L. E. CLARKE,
Dispatcher of Trains.
R. M. SULLY, General Superintendent.
no15tf

FEED STORE.

OSBORN'S

GRAIN AND

FEED STORE.

AT

Wholesale and Retail,

GRAIN, FORAGE, MEAL, FINE FEED, WOOD, COAL, &c. Consignments solicited and prompt returns made.

Orders should be left at the National Hotel, and at Warehouse at N. C. Depot.

JOB OSBORN, Proprietor,
jan 16 dtf Raleigh, N. C.

LEATHER, &c.

O. H. CHALKLEY & CO.,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1855.)

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in

HIDES, LEATHER, OILS, FRENCH

AND AMERICAN CALF SKINS,

Tanners' Tools, Shoe Findings, &c., and

General Commission Merchants,

RICHMOND, VA.

Orders solicited. Highest cash prices paid for Hides.
jan 17-d3m